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# DG Trade Statistical Guide

June 2018

Trade



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# DG Trade Statistical Guide

June 2018

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# Introduction

This Trade Statistical Guide contains selected tables and graphs that outline the current state of and recent developments in the European Union's (EU's) foreign trade, i.e. its trade with the rest of the world. It has been compiled for the benefit of the Directorate-General for Trade's (DG Trade's) policymakers.

Statistics on trade in goods, trade in services and foreign direct investment are key elements in any description of the trade performance of the EU with the rest of the world. These are published by the statistical office of the EU (Eurostat) and by international organisations such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the United Nations (UN) and the World Trade Organization (WTO). The most recently available statistics have been included but databases are updated daily and small discrepancies are inevitable. The statistics are presented in the form of tables and graphs, broken down by the main trading partner, product category and year. Additional supportive statistics such as gross domestic product (GDP), exchange rates and trade by Member State have also been added.

Further information about this booklet, its contents and the methodology used can be obtained from DG Trade's Statistics desk:  
[trade-statistics@ec.europa.eu](mailto:trade-statistics@ec.europa.eu)

**Brussels, June 2018**

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# GLOSSARY

## BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (BOP)

The BoP is a statistical statement that systematically summarises, over a given period of time, all the transactions of an economy with the rest of the world. The BoP records all economic **transactions** undertaken between **residents and non-residents** of a country during a given period.

The BoP is broken down into three broad sub-balances.

### ■ Current account

This shows the flow of goods, services, income and current transfers between resident and non-resident units.

### ■ Capital account

This covers all transactions involving:

- (a) the receipt or payment of capital transfers (debt forgiveness, migrant's transfers, transfers of ownership of fixed assets, transfers linked to, or conditional on, the acquisition or disposal of fixed assets, etc.);
- (b) the acquisition/disposal of non-produced, non-financial assets, which includes transactions associated with tangible assets (e.g. land and subsoil assets) and transactions associated with intangible assets (e.g. patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchises, etc.).

### ■ Financial account

This covers all transactions associated with changes of ownership in the foreign financial assets and liabilities of an economy.

The methodological framework followed in the compilation of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position is defined in the sixth edition of the International Monetary Fund Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6), published in 2009. The Balance of Payments Manual fifth edition (BPM5), published in 1993, was the reference for the data produced by the EU Member States, EFTA and EU candidate countries, and published by Eurostat until 2014. Time series according to BPM5 continue to be disseminated in Eurostat database but are no longer revised.

## SERVICES

**Services** are one of the categories of the current account. The main breakdown of services includes twelve categories. Two new categories were introduced with the change from BPM5 to BPM6 ("Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" and "Maintenance and repair services"), while previous categories were in most cases redefined according to new definitions and calculation methods. In this Guide, EU and Member States figures in section 1 are reported according to BPM5 to ensure consistency with WTO data. Also, BPM5 service categories and figures will be used to display a consistent series between 2004 and 2013.

## FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI)

**FDI** is the category of international investment made by an entity resident in one economy (**direct investor**) to acquire a lasting interest in an enterprise operating in another economy (**direct investment enterprise**). The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10 % of the voting power of the direct investment enterprise.

Two main indicators are used:

- 1) **FDI flows** denote the new investment made during the period;
- 2) **FDI stocks** (or positions) denote the value of the investment at the end of the period.

For both of these, FDI statistics record separately:

- 1) the **inward FDI** (or **FDI in the reporting economy**), namely investment by foreigners in enterprises resident in the reporting economy;
- 2) the **outward FDI** (or **FDI abroad**), namely investment by resident entities in affiliated enterprises abroad.

The change to BPM6 from BPM5 implied the introduction of separate recording for some items, mainly reverse investment (although not in yearly statistics), FDI between fellow enterprises and FDI by resident special purpose entities (SPEs). These changes affect comparability, which will be limited for the series up to 2012 and from 2013. Following BPM6 Eurostat publishes data on FDI held by SPEs for selected partners and for the extra-EU and offshore financial centres aggregates. SPEs are mainly financial holding companies, foreign-owned, and principally engaged in cross-border financial transactions, with no or negligible local activity in the Member State of residence.

## SPECIAL PURPOSE ENTITY (SPE)

A special-purpose entity (SPE) is a legal entity (an enterprise or sometimes a limited partnership or joint venture) formally registered with a national authority and subject to the fiscal and other legal obligations of the economy in which it is resident, established to perform specific functions limited in scope or time, with one or a few primary creditors, having no or few non-financial assets and employees, little or no production or operations and sometimes no physical presence beyond a "brass plate" confirming its place of registration. The SPE is related to another corporation, often as a subsidiary and often resident in a territory other than the territory of residence of the related corporation (lacking any physical dimension, the residence of a SPE is determined by the economic territory under whose laws it is incorporated or registered). Its core business function consists of financing its group activities or holding assets and liabilities of its group, that is the channelling of funds from non-residents to other non-residents, and with only a minor role for managing and directing activities (source: Eurostat).

## OFFSHORE FINANCIAL CENTRE (OFC)

An offshore financial centre (OFC) is “a country or jurisdiction that provides financial services to non-residents on a scale that is incommensurate with the size and the financing of its domestic economy” (IMF definition). The aggregate defined by Eurostat includes 40 countries. As examples, it contains European financial centres, such as Liechtenstein, Guernsey, Jersey, the Isle of Man, the Faroe Islands, Andorra and Gibraltar; Central American OFC such as Panama and Caribbean islands like Bermuda, the Bahamas, the Cayman Islands and the Virgin Islands; and Asian OFC such as Bahrain, Hong Kong, Singapore and the Philippines.

## FOREIGN AFFILIATES STATISTICS (FATS)

FATS measure the commercial presence through affiliates in foreign markets. **Inward FATS** describe the overall activity of **foreign affiliates** resident in the compiling economy. **Outward FATS** describes the activities of **foreign affiliates** abroad controlled by residents of the compiling country.

A **foreign affiliate** in inward FATS is an enterprise resident in the compiling country over which an institutional unit not resident in the compiling country has control. A **foreign affiliate** in outward FATS is instead an enterprise or branch not resident in the compiling country over which an institutional unit resident in the compiling country has direct or indirect control. **Control** is the ability to determine the general policy of the affiliate by appointing appropriate managers, if necessary. Most of the time, control is determined by taking into account the share of ownership, although other criteria might be relevant and used.

## TRADE IN SERVICES BY MODE OF SUPPLY (MOS)

Trade in services statistics by modes of supply (MOS) aim to answer the question of how and where services are supplied to foreign customers. The General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS) defines trade in services as the supply of a service through any of four modes of supply:

### ■ Mode 1

Cross-border supply: from the territory of one country into the territory of another country;

### ■ Mode 2

Consumption abroad: in the territory of one country to the service consumer of another country;

### ■ Mode 3

Commercial presence: by a service supplier of one country, through a commercial presence in the territory of another country;

### ■ Mode 4

Presence of natural persons: by a service supplier of one country, through the presence of natural persons of that country in the territory of any other country.

## INTERNATIONAL TRADE STATISTICS BY ENTERPRISE CHARACTERISTICS (TEC)

TEC is a statistical domain aimed to describe various aspects of the structure of international trade from the viewpoint of the characteristics of the trading enterprises such as size of the enterprise and sector of main activity. TEC is compiled by linking micro data on international trade in goods with business registers.

## GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP)

As an aggregate measure of production, the GDP of a country is equal to the sum of the gross values added of all resident institutional units engaged in production (plus any taxes, and minus any subsidies, on products not included in the value of their outputs).

## PURCHASING POWER PARITY (PPP)

Purchasing power parity (PPP) is an indicator of price level differences across countries. It measures the number of units of country B's currency that are needed in country B to purchase the same quantity of an individual good or service, as one unit of country A's currency will purchase in country A. PPPs are therefore the rates of currency conversion that equalise the purchasing power of different currencies by eliminating the differences in price levels between countries.

## TRADE IN GOODS: CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMS

### ■ Harmonized System (HS)

The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, more briefly known as the HS, is a multipurpose international product nomenclature developed by the World Customs Organization (WCO). The HS is organised into 21 sections and 96 chapters. It comprises around 5 000 commodity groups, each identified by a 6-digit code.

### ■ Standard International Trade Classification (SITC)

The SITC is a product classification of the UN used for external trade statistics (export and import values and volumes of goods). It is designed to provide the commodity aggregates for purposes of economic analysis and to facilitate international comparisons of trade-by-commodity data. It is divided into 10 basic sections.

## ■ AMA/NAMA

AMA refers to all the products included in the WTO Uruguay Round Agreement on Agriculture. NAMA refers to all products not covered by this agreement i.e. manufacturing products, fuels and mining products, fish and fish products, and forestry products.

## TRADE IN GOODS: STATISTICAL REGIME

Merchandise trade statistics included in this booklet are based on the general trade system (also known as 'Statistical regime 4' or 'Total trade'). In this system, the recorded aggregates include all goods entering or leaving the economic territory of a country with the exception of simple transit trade. In particular, all goods received into customs warehouses are recorded as imports, regardless of whether they subsequently go into free circulation in the Member State of receipt. Similarly, outgoing goods from customs warehouses are included in the general trade aggregates, at the time they leave the Member State.

This general system is the result of three other regimes, presented below.

### ■ Normal trade:

goods are exported definitively, or imported and released into free circulation in the EU customs territory.

### ■ Trade under inward processing procedures:

goods are imported temporarily (with an exemption from duties, levies or other checks) so that they can be further processed (assembled or transformed), and then all the resulting processed products are exported outside the EU.

### ■ Trade under outward processing procedures:

intermediate goods are temporarily exported for further processing in a non-EU country, and the processed products are re-imported into the EU (with a full or partial exemption from custom duties and levies).

## TRADE IN GOODS: INTRA-EU AND EXTRA-EU TRADE FLOWS

Outward flows from a Member State to a non-member country (extra-EU) are called 'exports'; outward flows from one Member State to another (intra-EU) are called 'dispatches'. Inward flows into a Member State from a non-member country are called 'imports'. Inward flows into a Member State from another Member State are called 'arrivals'.

For methodological reasons, international trade in goods statistics are accurate at EU level. At Member State level inaccuracies can arise because of the "Rotterdam effect": a Member State

receiving a good from a non-EU country is not necessarily the Member State of final destination and a Member State sending a good to a non-EU country is not necessarily the Member State of origin of the good.

When aggregating intra-EU and extra-EU trade, double counting may be introduced.

## PREFERENCE UTILISATION RATE (PUR)

The PUR is defined as the ratio of preferential exports (or imports) to preference eligible exports (or imports). The eligibility for preferences is determined by comparison of applied MFN tariff and preferential tariff.

Comparability between PURs on EU imports from partner countries and PURs on EU exports (or partner countries imports from EU) is limited. PURs on EU imports are based on data from Eurostat available for all partner country markets while PURs on EU exports (DG Trade's calculations) are based on data obtained by EU Delegations from national customs administrations and on the Market Access Database (MADB) tariffs. The submitted datasets vary in terms of detail, completeness and quality and are by definition not harmonised. Some validation rules have been put in place and applied to assess usability of the data.

### NOTE ON DATA PRESENTATION

Footnotes are provided under each table and figure to provide information on data sources and information on particular values or series. Data values in *italics* are estimated or provisional.



# WORLD TRADE

## Global exports of goods (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>World</b>	<b>7 463.5</b>	<b>8 232.4</b>	<b>6 669.7</b>	<b>8 870.0</b>	<b>10 225.4</b>	<b>11 413.2</b>	<b>11 242.0</b>	<b>11 217.7</b>	<b>11 698.8</b>	<b>11 186.6</b>	<b>12 162.8</b>
Argentina	40.8	47.6	39.9	50.9	59.0	61.2	55.9	50.7	51.1	52.1	51.4
Australia	103.2	126.2	110.2	159.7	194.5	200.4	190.9	181.1	169.9	172.8	203.0
Brazil	114.5	134.6	108.0	152.3	183.9	188.5	182.0	169.4	172.3	166.7	192.8
Canada	306.7	310.3	226.6	292.3	324.2	354.3	345.1	357.3	368.0	352.0	370.8
China	888.6	971.5	861.8	1 190.6	1 364.4	1 595.7	1 664.5	1 763.8	2 055.5	1 930.3	2 018.3
India	111.9	132.6	118.4	168.1	220.6	231.3	237.2	239.2	239.9	236.6	261.3
Indonesia	83.2	93.1	83.4	119.0	146.2	147.9	137.5	132.7	135.6	123.6	149.4
Japan	521.2	531.7	416.3	580.7	590.9	621.6	538.1	519.5	563.1	582.6	617.9
Mexico	198.2	197.9	164.6	225.1	251.0	288.5	286.0	298.7	342.9	337.7	362.4
Russia	257.0	312.5	204.3	281.7	356.2	408.2	397.0	374.7	309.5	258.0	314.9
Saudi Arabia	200.3	275.2	157.2	218.7	312.8	385.0	347.7	323.4	216.0	175.3	195.1
South Africa	46.3	49.6	39.0	68.9	78.2	77.5	72.3	68.6	73.4	67.7	79.1
South Korea	270.9	286.8	260.5	351.8	399.0	426.4	421.4	431.1	474.8	448.0	497.5
Turkey	77.7	89.8	73.2	85.9	96.9	118.7	114.3	118.6	129.6	128.8	139.0
United States	848.4	884.0	757.8	963.6	1 065.0	1 203.1	1 188.5	1 219.8	1 356.1	1 313.3	1 368.2
<b>EU-28</b>	<b>1 234.5</b>	<b>1 309.1</b>	<b>1 094.0</b>	<b>1 354.1</b>	<b>1 554.5</b>	<b>1 684.9</b>	<b>1 736.5</b>	<b>1 703.8</b>	<b>1 790.5</b>	<b>1 745.9</b>	<b>1 879.2</b>
France	140.3	150.9	130.3	154.2	167.1	181.7	177.6	174.3	187.8	183.8	195.0
Germany	337.4	357.7	300.0	376.7	428.9	471.0	469.4	476.4	503.0	499.7	532.1
Italy	139.8	148.7	121.4	141.9	163.0	178.3	180.4	180.0	186.3	183.9	199.0
United Kingdom	135.7	142.5	114.4	148.1	181.2	183.0	229.8	198.2	230.5	194.5	204.6

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), IMF DOTS

## Global imports of goods (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	7 744.8	8 517.8	6 939.2	9 129.4	10 407.3	11 655.3	11 390.8	11 384.6	11 949.5	11 570.6	12 485.4
Argentina	32.5	39.0	27.6	42.2	52.1	53.2	55.7	49.1	53.9	53.8	59.7
Australia	122.0	137.7	120.9	154.4	178.6	206.8	185.8	181.7	191.9	182.3	201.4
Brazil	94.3	124.8	95.8	145.2	172.3	184.1	191.2	182.8	163.8	131.2	141.4
Canada	294.2	294.2	244.0	313.5	343.8	381.5	368.7	367.8	401.1	385.7	404.9
China	697.7	769.6	719.7	1 051.5	1 251.0	1 414.5	1 467.7	1 477.7	1 443.7	1 436.0	1 621.8
India	171.2	218.5	184.7	264.6	334.1	381.7	352.3	346.6	353.5	321.9	384.9
Indonesia	54.1	87.4	68.9	102.3	127.5	149.2	140.5	134.1	128.6	122.5	142.3
Japan	453.8	518.5	395.7	523.5	614.2	689.6	626.7	611.4	584.0	548.3	594.1
Mexico	217.8	222.0	177.8	240.7	266.7	305.4	303.8	318.7	377.1	369.9	393.8
Russia	145.5	181.5	115.3	164.0	212.2	246.6	237.2	215.8	164.4	164.7	200.1
Saudi Arabia	64.7	77.0	66.9	78.9	92.8	118.8	123.9	128.0	157.2	126.6	113.2
South Africa	66.2	65.2	51.0	66.3	78.2	85.9	82.6	79.7	81.6	71.8	77.9
South Korea	260.1	295.9	231.6	320.7	376.7	404.4	388.2	395.6	393.4	366.8	418.3
Turkey	124.0	137.3	101.0	140.0	173.0	184.1	189.5	182.3	186.8	179.4	207.0
United States	1 472.0	1 472.7	1 149.7	1 484.6	1 586.2	1 771.7	1 708.0	1 767.2	2 020.4	1 977.8	2 073.7
EU-28	1 450.3	1 585.2	1 235.6	1 531.5	1 730.0	1 798.8	1 687.7	1 692.8	1 730.5	1 713.4	1 858.6
France	140.2	154.9	123.2	145.4	168.7	172.9	165.4	164.6	163.0	159.7	167.2
Germany	271.8	292.2	234.6	292.1	329.0	327.6	314.3	313.8	326.0	321.4	350.9
Italy	156.5	171.9	125.4	164.5	184.2	177.5	160.8	153.0	153.1	144.3	159.8
United Kingdom	215.6	217.5	188.2	227.0	252.4	283.4	239.4	244.3	261.7	284.3	274.2

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), IMF DOTS



## Global exports of services (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>World</b>	<b>1 933.0</b>	<b>2 035.2</b>	<b>1 958.9</b>	<b>2 228.4</b>	<b>2 384.4</b>	<b>2 700.7</b>	<b>2 770.2</b>	<b>2 947.3</b>	<b>3 397.7</b>	<b>3 413.2</b>	<b>3 579.7</b>
Argentina	7.4	8.1	7.7	9.7	10.4	11.1	10.3	10.1	11.9	11.6	12.6
Australia	29.5	29.3	28.6	35.2	37.8	41.7	39.9	40.7	44.2	47.8	53.1
Brazil	17.5	20.7	19.9	23.2	26.7	30.5	28.6	30.1	30.4	30.1	30.5
Canada	51.6	51.0	49.2	58.0	61.2	69.5	68.1	66.9	73.3	74.2	76.9
China	91.5	98.8	87.9	134.5	144.4	156.9	155.9	165.0	197.1	189.3	201.9
India	63.2	72.1	66.6	88.3	99.5	113.3	112.3	118.3	140.9	146.2	162.9
Indonesia	9.2	10.5	9.5	12.7	15.7	18.4	17.3	17.7	20.0	21.1	21.8
Japan	88.7	95.9	86.7	101.4	101.2	106.6	101.8	123.3	146.6	157.1	163.6
Mexico	12.6	12.0	10.6	11.7	11.4	12.8	13.6	15.9	20.6	22.2	24.0
Russia	32.0	38.8	32.8	37.1	41.7	48.5	52.8	49.5	46.6	45.7	51.2
Saudi Arabia	12.0	6.4	7.0	8.1	8.3	8.6	8.9	9.4	13.0	15.6	16.0
South Africa	10.8	9.5	9.5	12.1	12.5	13.7	12.7	12.7	13.6	13.0	14.0
South Korea	52.3	62.1	52.2	62.8	65.3	80.6	78.1	84.4	88.1	85.7	77.5
Turkey	21.9	25.2	25.7	27.5	29.6	33.9	36.3	39.1	42.4	34.2	39.1
United States	356.4	362.3	367.6	424.9	451.0	510.9	528.2	558.5	678.8	679.7	691.2
<b>EU-28</b>	<b>506.1</b>	<b>525.3</b>	<b>512.2</b>	<b>566.7</b> <sup>b</sup>	<b>616.1</b>	<b>687.2</b>	<b>723.4</b>	<b>768.5</b>	<b>847.5</b>	<b>844.9</b>	<b>881.8</b>
France	51.1	54.3	68.8	67.2	73.5 <sup>b</sup>	82.2	84.0	93.0	97.9	95.8	107.5
Germany	76.2	82.8	80.0	81.7 <sup>b</sup>	86.6	96.4	100.9	112.4	125.1	126.4	135.7
Italy	30.0	32.6	28.9	31.7 <sup>b</sup>	34.2	39.5	39.3	39.3	39.3	39.2	42.8
United Kingdom	125.5	116.2	113.4	120.9 <sup>b</sup>	130.1	149.3	164.1	167.7	190.0	189.2	195.4

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), WTO.



## Global imports of services (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>World</b>	<b>1 864.9</b>	<b>2 011.0</b>	<b>1 876.5</b>	<b>2 211.3</b>	<b>2 360.3</b>	<b>2 688.4</b>	<b>2 736.8</b>	<b>2 974.9</b>	<b>3 408.3</b>	<b>3 410.5</b>	<b>3 548.8</b>
Argentina	7.8	9.0	8.7	11.0	12.7	14.3	14.3	13.6	17.2	19.0	21.2
Australia	30.6	33.3	30.3	38.9	45.0	51.9	51.1	48.3	52.0	50.7	53.8
Brazil	27.1	32.1	33.7	45.9	53.3	61.5	63.5	66.3	63.7	57.6	60.5
Canada	60.0	60.7	59.5	74.3	77.1	87.1	85.0	83.4	91.3	90.1	94.0
China	94.2	106.3	104.7	145.9	178.0	218.9	248.9	325.8	392.6	408.4	413.9
India	51.2	59.7	57.6	86.7	90.0	101.1	95.5	96.6	111.4	120.6	136.3
Indonesia	17.9	19.4	16.6	20.0	22.8	26.6	26.4	25.2	27.9	27.4	28.8
Japan	115.7	121.6	111.7	124.2	126.2	143.8	128.7	144.8	161.0	166.7	169.0
Mexico	18.2	17.4	18.0	20.3	22.6	24.4	24.2	25.9	29.4	30.3	32.6
Russia	44.2	52.7	45.5	56.8	65.7	84.8	96.7	91.1	79.9	67.2	78.5
Saudi Arabia	46.0	51.1	53.8	57.9	56.0	57.1	57.7	75.7	79.3	63.5	68.0
South Africa	11.9	11.6	11.0	14.8	15.0	14.7	13.6	12.8	14.0	13.5	14.3
South Korea	61.9	66.5	59.0	73.5	74.1	84.6	83.0	87.2	101.5	101.8	108.0
Turkey	11.6	12.4	12.3	14.9	15.1	16.4	18.5	19.0	20.6	20.4	21.3
United States	271.9	278.1	277.3	308.8	313.0	351.8	347.2	361.9	443.2	455.9	476.3
<b>EU-28</b>	<b>419.1</b>	<b>454.0</b>	<b>429.1</b>	<b>462.0</b> <sup>b</sup>	<b>480.5</b>	<b>519.8</b>	<b>543.7</b>	<b>604.3</b>	<b>705.1</b>	<b>711.8</b>	<b>698.6</b>
France	44.6	46.0	53.5	53.9	61.4 <sup>b</sup>	63.0	65.9	74.2	80.0	81.5	80.5
Germany	81.2	85.4	77.4	84.2 <sup>b</sup>	89.8	99.4	106.0	104.8	113.8	116.1	121.7
Italy	33.4	38.4	32.6	33.9 <sup>b</sup>	33.5	34.0	33.4	33.4	33.5	34.5	36.4
United Kingdom	69.8	67.9	60.6	71.5 <sup>b</sup>	71.2	76.1	81.1	86.8	100.2	93.9	99.8

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), WTO.



## Global trade in goods and services (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>World</b>	19 006.1	20 796.4	17 444.3	22 439.2	25 377.3	28 457.6	28 139.8	28 524.5	30 454.4	29 580.9	31 776.7
Argentina	88.5	103.7	83.8	113.7	134.2	139.7	136.3	123.5	134.0	136.4	144.9
Australia	285.3	326.5	289.9	388.1	455.9	500.9	467.7	451.8	458.0	453.6	511.2
Brazil	253.4	312.1	257.3	366.6	436.1	464.5	465.4	448.6	430.3	385.6	425.2
Canada	712.6	716.3	579.4	738.1	806.3	892.5	866.8	875.3	933.6	902.1	946.6
China	1 772.1	1 946.2	1 774.1	2 522.5	2 937.9	3 386.0	3 537.1	3 732.3	4,088.8	3 963.9	4 255.9
India	397.5	482.9	427.4	607.7	744.2	827.4	797.4	800.7	845.6	825.3	945.4
Indonesia	164.4	210.3	178.5	254.0	312.1	342.2	321.6	309.8	312.1	294.6	342.3
Japan	1 179.3	1 267.7	1 010.4	1 329.8	1 432.5	1 561.6	1 395.3	1 399.1	1,454.7	1 454.7	1 544.6
Mexico	446.7	449.4	371.0	497.8	551.6	631.0	627.6	659.2	770.1	760.2	812.7
Russia	478.7	585.6	397.8	539.6	675.8	788.1	783.6	731.1	600.4	535.5	644.7
Saudi Arabia	323.0	409.7	284.9	363.6	469.9	569.6	538.3	536.5	465.5	381.0	392.2
South Africa	135.2	136.0	110.5	162.1	183.8	191.9	181.1	173.8	182.6	166.0	185.3
South Korea	645.2	711.3	603.3	808.9	915.1	996.1	970.7	998.2	1,057.8	1 002.3	1 101.2
Turkey	235.2	264.7	212.2	268.2	314.6	353.1	358.6	359.1	379.4	362.7	406.3
United States	2 948.6	2 997.0	2 552.3	3 181.9	3 415.2	3 837.6	3 771.8	3 907.3	4,498.5	4 426.7	4 609.4
<b>EU-28</b>	3 610.1	3 873.7	3 270.9	3 914.3	<sup>b</sup> 4 381.1	4 690.7	4 691.2	4 769.4	5 073.6	5 016.0	5 318.2
France	376.3	406.2	375.8	420.6	470.7	<sup>b</sup> 499.9	492.9	506.1	528.7	520.7	550.2
Germany	766.6	818.0	692.1	834.6	<sup>b</sup> 934.2	994.3	990.7	1 007.4	1 067.9	1 063.6	1 140.4
Italy	359.6	391.6	308.3	372.0	<sup>b</sup> 414.8	429.3	414.0	405.8	412.1	401.8	438.0
United Kingdom	546.6	544.1	476.6	567.4	<sup>b</sup> 635.0	691.7	714.4	697.0	782.4	761.9	774.0

Coverage: exports+imports, excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO.

## Global external trade balances in goods and services (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Argentina	7.9	7.6	11.3	7.3	4.6	4.8	- 3.8	- 1.8	- 8.0	- 9.1	- 16.9
Australia	- 19.9	- 15.5	- 12.4	1.5	8.8	- 16.7	- 6.0	- 8.2	- 29.9	- 12.3	0.9
Brazil	10.5	- 1.6	- 1.6	- 15.5	- 14.9	- 26.6	- 44.2	- 49.5	- 24.8	8.1	21.4
Canada	4.1	6.4	- 27.7	- 37.5	- 35.4	- 44.8	- 40.5	- 27.0	- 51.1	- 49.6	- 51.2
China	188.2	194.4	125.3	127.8	79.8	119.1	103.7	125.2	416.3	275.2	184.5
India	- 47.4	- 73.4	- 57.3	- 94.8	- 104.0	- 138.2	- 98.3	- 85.8	- 84.1	- 59.8	- 97.0
Indonesia	20.3	- 3.2	7.4	9.5	11.7	- 9.5	- 12.2	- 9.0	- 0.9	- 5.2	0.3
Japan	40.4	- 12.5	- 4.4	34.3	- 48.3	- 105.2	- 115.5	- 113.4	- 35.3	24.9	18.4
Mexico	- 25.2	- 29.4	- 20.5	- 24.3	- 27.0	- 28.5	- 28.3	- 30.0	- 43.1	- 40.3	- 40.1
Russia	99.3	117.1	76.4	98.0	120.0	125.3	116.0	117.3	111.9	71.8	87.5
Saudi Arabia	101.6	153.4	43.6	90.0	172.2	217.7	175.0	129.2	- 7.5	0.9	29.8
South Africa	- 20.9	- 17.6	- 13.5	- 0.1	- 2.6	- 9.4	- 11.3	- 11.2	- 8.6	- 4.7	0.8
South Korea	1.1	- 13.5	22.0	20.3	13.5	18.0	28.3	32.7	67.9	65.1	48.7
Turkey	- 36.0	- 34.7	- 14.4	- 41.4	- 61.5	- 47.9	- 57.4	- 43.6	- 35.3	- 36.9	- 50.2
United States	- 539.1	- 504.6	- 301.6	- 404.8	- 383.2	- 409.5	- 338.5	- 350.8	- 428.7	- 440.7	- 490.7
EU-28	- 128.8	- 204.8	- 58.6	- 72.8 <sup>b</sup>	- 39.8	53.5	228.5	175.3	202.4	165.5	203.8
France	6.6	4.3	22.3	22.1	10.5 <sup>b</sup>	28.1	30.4	28.5	42.8	38.4	54.9
Germany	60.6	62.8	68.0	82.1 <sup>b</sup>	96.8	140.3	150.1	170.3	188.3	188.6	195.2
Italy	- 20.1	- 29.0	- 7.6	- 24.8 <sup>b</sup>	- 20.5	6.3	25.5	32.9	39.0	44.3	45.6
United Kingdom	- 24.1	- 26.8	- 21.0	- 29.5 <sup>b</sup>	- 12.2	- 27.3	73.4	34.8	58.6	5.4	26.1

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO.



## Share in world trade in goods (%)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Argentina	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Australia	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6
Brazil	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4
Canada	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.1
China	10.4	10.4	11.6	12.5	12.7	13.0	13.8	14.3	14.8	14.8	14.8
India	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6
Indonesia	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2
Japan	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.9
Mexico	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.1
Russia	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.0	1.9	2.1
Saudi Arabia	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.3
South Africa	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
South Korea	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7
Turkey	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
United States	15.3	14.1	14.0	13.6	12.8	12.9	12.8	13.2	14.3	14.5	14.0
EU-28	17.7	17.3	17.1	16.0	15.9	15.1	15.1	15.0	14.9	15.2	15.2
France	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Germany	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6
Italy	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5
United Kingdom	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), IMF DOTS.

## Share in world trade in services (%)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Argentina	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Australia	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5
Brazil	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
Canada	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4
China	4.9	5.1	5.0	6.3	6.8	7.0	7.4	8.3	8.7	8.8	8.6
India	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.2
Indonesia	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Japan	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.7
Mexico	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Russia	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.4	1.9	1.7	1.8
Saudi Arabia	1.5	1.4	1.6 <sup>b</sup>	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2
South Africa	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
South Korea	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6
Turkey	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
United States	16.5	15.8	16.8	16.5	16.1	16.0	15.9	15.5	16.5	16.6	16.4
EU-28	24.4	24.2	24.5	23.2 <sup>b</sup>	23.1	22.4	23.0	23.2	22.8	22.8	22.2
France	2.5	2.5	3.2	2.7	2.8 <sup>b</sup>	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6
Germany	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.7 <sup>b</sup>	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.6
Italy	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5 <sup>b</sup>	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
United Kingdom	5.1	4.5	4.5	4.3 <sup>b</sup>	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.1

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), WTO.



## Share in world trade in goods and services (%)

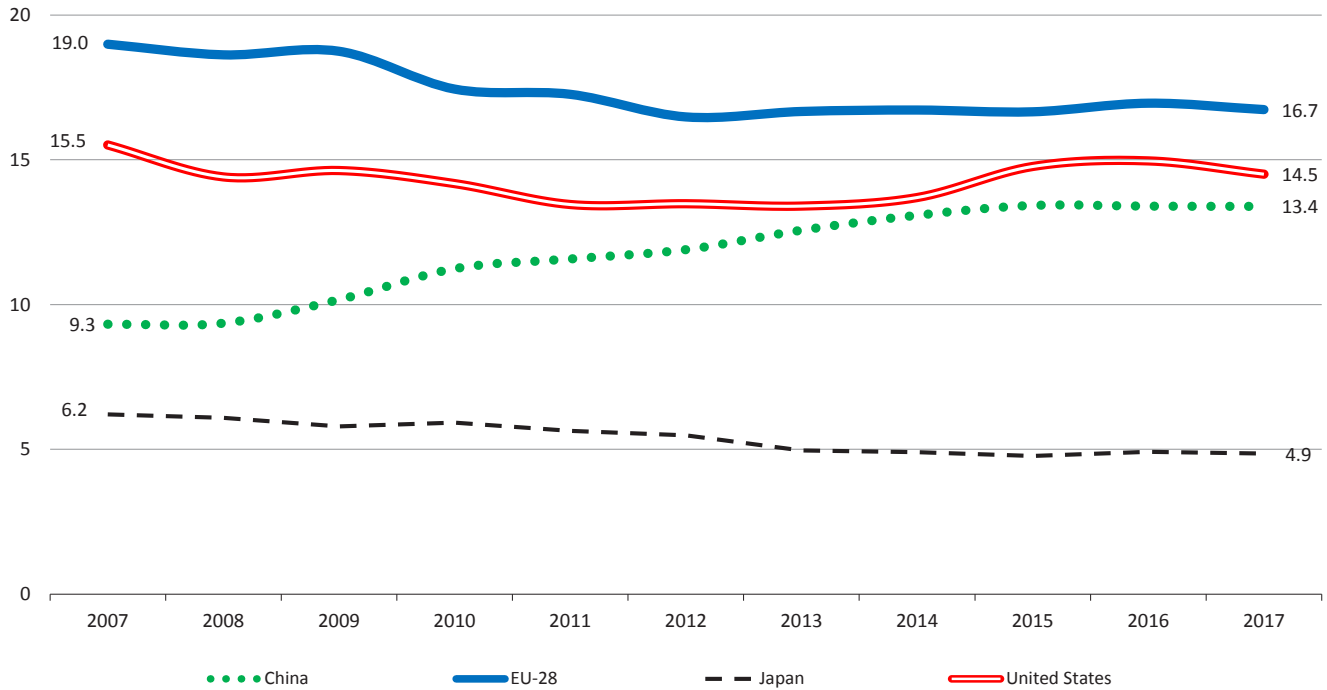
Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Argentina	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Australia	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6
Brazil	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
Canada	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0
China	9.3	9.4	10.2	11.2	11.6	11.9	12.6	13.1	13.4	13.4	13.4
India	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0
Indonesia	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1
Japan	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9
Mexico	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6
Russia	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.0	1.8	2.0
Saudi Arabia	1.7	2.0	1.6 <sup>b</sup>	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.2
South Africa	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
South Korea	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5
Turkey	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3
United States	15.5	14.4	14.6	14.2	13.5	13.5	13.4	13.7	14.8	15.0	14.5
EU-28	19.0	18.6	18.8	17.4 <sup>b</sup>	17.3	16.5	16.7	16.7	16.7	17.0	16.7
France	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.9 <sup>b</sup>	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7
Germany	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.7 <sup>b</sup>	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6
Italy	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7 <sup>b</sup>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
United Kingdom	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.5 <sup>b</sup>	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.4

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO.

Share in world trade in goods and services in selected countries (%)



Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Sources: Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO.

## Trade in goods and services (% of GDP)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	44.8	48.0	40.3	45.1	48.3	49.1	48.8	48.2	45.4	43.4	44.9
Argentina	42.1	41.9	34.9	35.5	35.4	31.0	29.6	29.1	23.1	27.2	25.7
Australia	41.3	45.5	40.5	41.2	42.0	41.1	41.0	41.3	41.2	39.7	41.9
Brazil	24.9	27.1	21.5	22.0	23.2	24.2	25.0	24.3	26.5	23.8	23.4
Canada	66.7	68.0	58.9	60.6	62.8	62.9	62.5	64.6	66.4	65.0	64.7
China	68.0	62.2	48.3	55.1	54.4	50.8	48.8	47.1	40.4	39.1	40.0
India	44.0	58.0	43.7	47.2	56.8	58.2	57.0	52.2	44.6	40.2	40.9
Indonesia	47.9	55.4	43.1	44.6	48.7	47.8	46.6	46.2	40.2	35.0	38.1
Japan	35.8	37.0	26.9	30.9	32.4	32.3	35.9	38.3	36.7	32.5	35.8
Mexico	58.2	59.5	57.5	62.4	65.0	67.5	65.4	66.6	73.0	78.1	79.9
Russia	47.0	48.3	42.2	43.7	45.8	45.8	45.3	47.1	48.7	46.3	47.7
Saudi Arabia	106.5	115.9	92.6	91.5	97.4	99.4	95.7	94.2	78.9	65.4	64.8
South Africa	62.0	69.6	51.8	57.3	61.4	62.2	65.6	65.8	63.8	62.1	59.9
South Korea	78.8	104.4	93.3	98.0	105.9	104.7	98.7	94.0	84.9	78.6	80.9
Turkey	47.8	50.9	45.9	46.0	52.6	51.9	50.1	51.1	49.0	46.5	54.0
United States	27.9	29.9	24.7	28.2	30.6	30.5	30.0	29.8	27.5	26.3	26.9
EU-28	27.8	29.6	26.6	30.5 <sup>b</sup>	33.2	34.8	34.6	34.0	34.3	33.6	34.7
France	19.3	20.3	19.4	21.0	22.9 <sup>b</sup>	23.9	23.3	23.6	24.1	23.4	24.1
Germany	30.5	31.9	28.2	32.3 <sup>b</sup>	34.6	36.0	35.1	34.3	35.1	33.8	35.0
Italy	22.3	24.0	19.6	23.2 <sup>b</sup>	25.3	26.6	25.8	25.0	24.9	23.9	25.5
United Kingdom	24.4	27.4	27.8	30.8 <sup>b</sup>	33.7	33.4	34.6	30.6	30.1	31.7	33.3

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

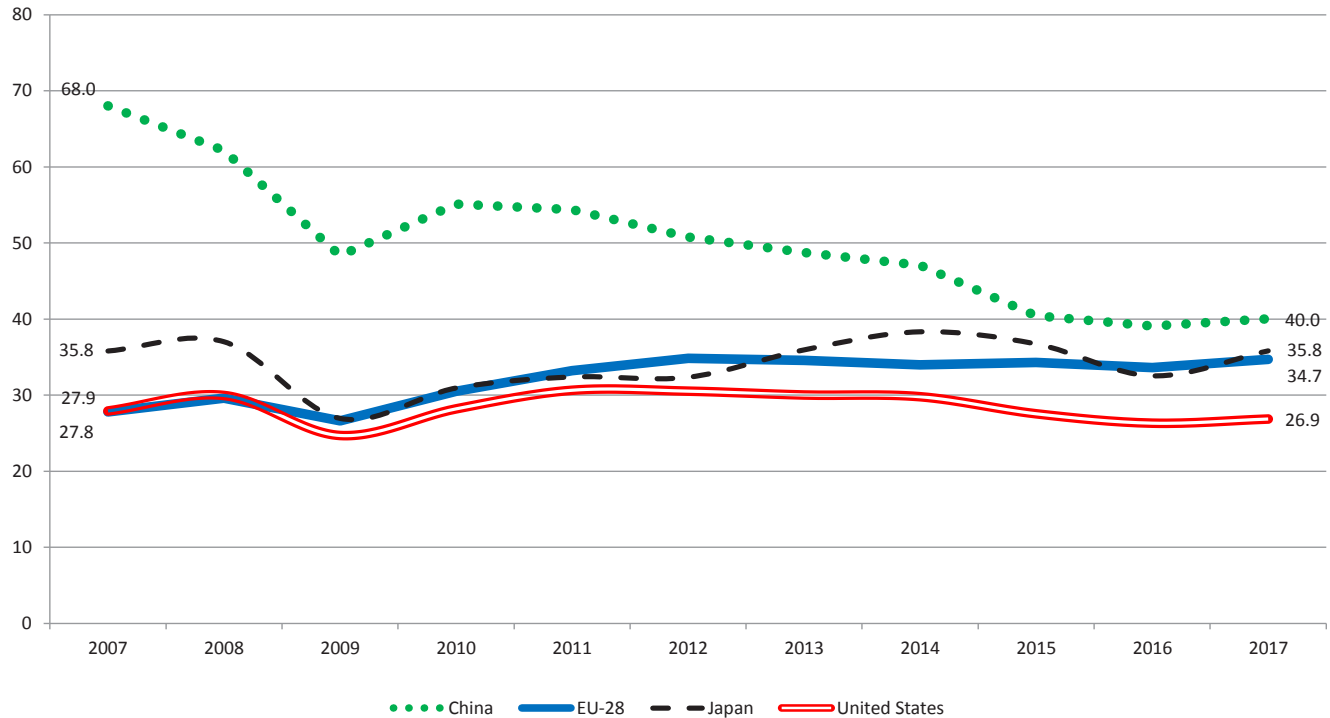
(b) break in data continuity. Data beginning with the highlighted year do not form a consistent series with those from earlier years.

Ratio = (exports+imports) / GDP.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO, IMF World Economic Outlook (April 2018).



## Trade in goods and services in selected countries (% of GDP)



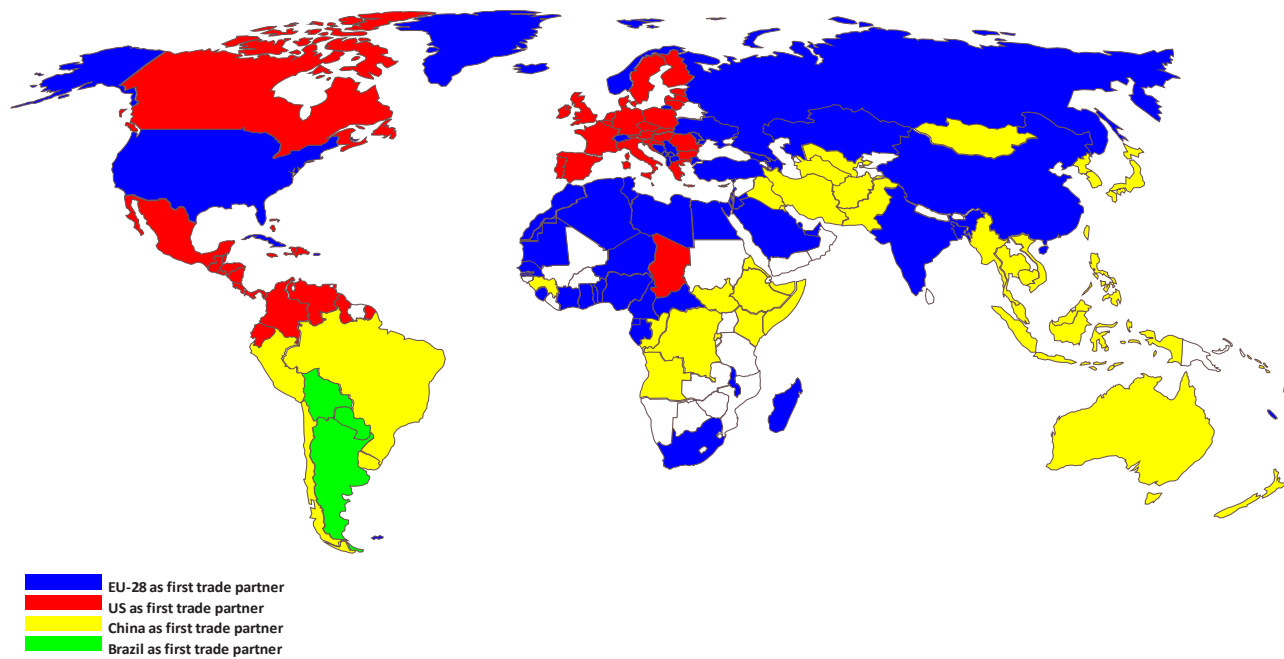
Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Ratio = (imports + exports) / GDP.

Sources: Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot; bop\_its6\_tot), IMF DOTS, WTO, IMF World Economic Outlook (April 2018).



Merchandise trade 2017 - Main trade partner by reporter



Total trade i.e. exports + imports

Source : IMF DOTS.



# FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) and FOREIGN AFFILIATES STATISTICS (FATS)

## Global FDI inflows (billion EUR)

Country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 <sup>b</sup>	2014	2015	2016
<b>World</b>	614.2	732.3	615.7	614.2	784.7	657.4	1 043.3	720.4	742.6	1 190.0	1 300.4
Argentina	4.4	4.7	6.6	2.9	8.5	7.8	11.9	7.4	3.8	10.6	5.2
Australia	21.0	30.3	31.9	22.7	27.5	42.3	46.4	42.4	30.4	17.6	43.5
Brazil	15.0	25.2	30.6	18.6	63.2	69.1	59.2	40.0	55.0	57.9	53.0
Canada	48.0	85.2	41.8	16.3	21.4	28.5	33.6	52.2	44.5	37.4	30.5
China	57.9	60.9	73.6	68.1	86.5	89.1	94.2	93.3	96.7	122.2	120.8
India	16.2	18.5	32.0	25.5	20.7	26.0	18.8	21.2	26.0	39.7	40.2
Indonesia	3.9	5.1	6.3	3.5	10.4	13.8	14.9	14.2	16.4	15.0	2.4
Japan	- 5.2	16.5	16.6	8.6	- 0.9	- 1.3	1.3	1.7	8.0	- 2.0	10.3
Mexico	16.8	23.7	20.0	13.0	20.6	17.7	16.4	35.8	20.7	29.9	24.2
Russia	29.8	40.1	51.6	19.9	23.9	26.5	23.5	40.2	21.9	10.7	34.0
Saudi Arabia	14.6	17.7	26.8	26.1	22.1	11.7	9.5	6.7	6.0	7.3	6.7
South Africa	0.2	4.8	6.3	5.4	2.7	3.0	3.5	6.2	4.3	1.6	2.1
South Korea	7.3	6.4	7.6	6.5	7.2	7.0	7.4	9.6	7.0	3.7	9.8
Turkey	16.1	16.1	13.5	6.2	6.9	11.6	10.6	9.6	9.4	15.6	10.8
United States	188.9	157.6	208.3	103.0	149.4	165.1	154.9	151.6	129.2	314.0	353.3
<b>EU-28</b>	231.2	432.1	182.2	274.6	224.5	424.7	309.8	580.4	148.1	628.2	379.4
France	16.1	15.1	12.8	8.4	3.8	5.5	5.6	12.8	- 5.1	19.6	- 1.1
Germany	24.3	12.3	- 1.2	3.0	17.3	18.7	16.9	13.9	7.8	1.3	4.3
Italy	2.9	1.5	7.4	0.4	7.5	2.3	9.0	6.3	2.7	3.8	2.5
United Kingdom	54.5	78.6	31.1	26.1	45.1	12.9	22.2	:	27.9	:	180.9

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Including Special Purpose Entities.

(b) break in series.

(-) not available.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_fdi\_main; bop\_fdi6\_flow), UNCTAD. Eurostat and UNCTAD cannot be directly compared because of methodological differences.

## Global FDI outflows (billion EUR)

Country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 <sup>b</sup>	2014	2015	2016
<b>World</b>	508.7	840.0	627.2	510.4	774.5	634.7	910.2	771.7	649.4	898.2	918.3
Argentina	1.9	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.7	1.4	0.8	0.8
Australia	15.9	8.7	20.7	11.8	14.9	1.2	6.1	1.1	0.2	-1.5	5.4
Brazil	22.5	5.2	13.9	-7.2	16.6	7.9	-4.1	-0.9	1.7	2.8	-11.2
Canada	36.8	47.2	53.9	28.4	26.2	37.5	43.5	43.2	45.5	60.4	60.0
China	14.0	19.3	38.0	40.5	51.9	53.6	68.3	81.2	92.7	115.0	165.4
India	11.4	12.6	14.4	11.5	12.0	8.9	6.6	1.3	8.9	6.8	4.6
Indonesia	2.2	3.4	4.0	1.6	2.0	5.5	4.2	5.0	5.3	5.4	-11.3
Japan	40.0	53.7	87.0	53.6	42.4	77.3	95.4	102.2	97.1	116.0	131.2
Mexico	4.6	6.0	0.8	6.9	11.4	9.2	18.0	9.7	5.3	9.7	-0.7
Russia	23.8	32.0	38.6	24.7	31.0	34.9	22.1	53.2	48.3	24.4	24.6
Saudi Arabia	-0.0	-0.1	2.4	1.6	2.9	2.5	3.4	3.7	4.1	4.9	7.6
South Africa	4.8	2.2	-2.1	0.8	-0.1	-0.2	2.3	5.0	5.8	5.2	3.1
South Korea	10.2	16.1	13.3	12.5	21.3	21.3	23.8	21.4	21.1	21.4	24.6
Turkey	0.7	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.7	3.2	2.7	5.0	4.3	2.6
United States	178.6	287.1	209.6	206.4	209.5	284.9	247.7	228.5	220.0	273.3	270.1
<b>EU-28</b>	317.7	564.2	379.0	329.7	303.4	470.1	317.4	605.3	93.9	667.6	248.4
France	41.5	26.9	42.4	17.3	19.8	25.7	13.3	-1.2	15.8	9.6	20.8
Germany	36.0	46.8	4.1	13.3	36.0	22.7	10.9	36.2	24.8	35.6	26.2
Italy	15.0	0.3	14.9	4.4	17.0	14.9	23.1	3.0	9.9	14.3	11.9
United Kingdom	62.9	130.5	65.3	36.1	18.3	51.7	43.8	:	:	-59.5	:

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Including Special Purpose Entities.

(b) break in series.

(:) not available.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_fdi\_main; bop\_fdi6\_flow), UNCTAD. Eurostat and UNCTAD cannot be directly compared because of methodological differences.



## Global FDI inward stocks (billion EUR)

Country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 <sup>b</sup>	2014	2015	2016
<b>World</b>	6 332.6	7 247.3	5 077.7	7 360.4	9 228.3	8 847.9	11 253.3	12 011.4	11 779.8	15 038.9	16 345.1
Argentina	48.0	49.3	52.4	57.3	66.7	67.0	78.5	68.9	62.0	76.7	79.7
Australia	240.6	285.9	209.2	315.0	397.6	398.6	478.8	428.3	423.0	483.0	520.4
Brazil	169.7	213.4	177.1	263.3	483.0	466.3	525.8	485.5	462.8	422.4	565.4
Canada	563.0	753.7	421.7	621.9	742.2	619.8	742.1	739.8	721.2	685.6	863.7
China	233.0	238.7	257.1	339.2	443.4	511.4	648.3	720.4	816.9	1 100.4	1 223.6
India	56.4	77.2	85.1	122.8	155.1	148.2	175.1	170.6	190.5	254.7	287.7
Indonesia	43.4	58.3	49.1	78.0	121.2	132.8	164.7	173.8	163.7	200.5	212.3
Japan	85.7	96.9	138.3	143.5	162.1	162.2	160.1	128.5	129.2	153.9	168.7
Mexico	224.8	230.9	192.0	244.8	293.3	277.0	354.4	362.1	366.5	459.0	427.8
Russia	210.2	356.3	144.7	263.4	350.2	293.8	341.1	355.0	218.3	236.8	342.4
Saudi Arabia	40.3	53.6	76.8	106.2	133.0	134.2	154.9	156.5	162.5	201.9	209.1
South Africa	85.2	96.2	56.9	99.5	135.4	114.5	127.3	114.5	104.6	114.2	123.6
South Korea	92.2	89.0	64.4	87.4	102.2	97.1	122.9	136.2	135.1	161.8	167.1
Turkey	75.8	113.4	55.0	103.5	141.6	98.6	148.8	113.9	137.1	135.0	120.0
United States	2 622.7	2 591.2	1 690.5	2 147.6	2 581.5	2 513.5	3 047.6	3 725.9	4 096.4	5 021.4	5 774.0
<b>EU-28</b>	2 022.7	2 415.4	2 497.0	2 784.8	3 145.1	3 720.3	3 905.9	4 299.8	4 901.5	5 997.2	6 268.3
France	151.7	168.7	174.4	179.7	181.2	140.9	147.5	152.3	153.2	176.3	178.2
Germany	:	178.3	170.3	166.8	180.5	188.9	197.9	171.1	172.3	176.1	211.8
Italy	52.2	20.5	27.9	35.3	27.2	29.7	38.5	27.3	30.0	33.5	35.2
United Kingdom	417.6	424.7	341.0	358.7	432.0	503.7	575.8	542.0	691.2	707.3	784.1

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Including Special Purpose Entities.

(b) break in series.

(: ) not available.

Sources : Eurostat (bop\_fdi\_main; bop\_fdi6\_flow), UNCTAD. Eurostat and UNCTAD cannot be directly compared because of methodological differences.

## Global FDI outward stocks (billion EUR)

Country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 <sup>b</sup>	2014	2015	2016
<b>World</b>	7 264.3	8 130.6	5 302.1	7 867.6	9 482.1	8 613.0	10 817.6	11 758.1	10 855.3	13 671.8	14 612.8
Argentina	20.6	20.1	19.6	21.2	22.9	22.9	25.6	26.0	27.2	34.1	35.1
Australia	210.9	248.9	166.1	261.4	339.2	300.9	370.9	344.1	336.0	351.7	362.7
Brazil	84.7	91.0	88.8	95.7	112.6	114.8	159.0	153.7	132.3	143.9	155.8
Canada	622.8	694.1	438.4	639.7	753.2	640.5	756.6	851.7	820.4	968.1	1 102.2
China	59.8	86.0	125.1	176.2	239.3	305.2	414.0	497.3	664.4	989.5	1 157.3
India	21.5	32.2	43.1	58.0	73.1	78.7	91.9	90.2	99.0	125.3	130.2
Indonesia	0.8	2.3	1.9	2.8	5.0	4.5	9.7	14.6	19.1	26.5	53.2
Japan	358.0	395.9	462.6	531.2	626.9	686.7	807.7	841.8	867.1	1 105.5	1 265.4
Mexico	64.5	62.5	46.4	63.7	91.0	84.6	116.2	105.8	110.5	131.9	134.3
Russia	185.5	265.2	134.1	206.7	253.7	226.8	259.1	290.1	248.3	254.8	303.4
Saudi Arabia	13.7	12.4	13.9	16.2	20.0	21.5	26.7	29.6	33.6	56.9	72.7
South Africa	32.7	40.3	33.6	50.4	62.8	69.7	87.0	96.9	109.9	139.4	156.1
South Korea	39.2	54.6	66.6	87.0	108.6	123.9	157.9	179.8	196.1	257.7	276.6
Turkey	7.1	8.9	12.1	16.0	17.0	19.9	24.1	25.1	29.8	31.4	34.3
United States	3 560.3	3 849.0	2 109.3	3 098.7	3 628.0	3 243.1	4 065.1	4 709.1	4 685.8	5 413.0	5 767.2
<b>EU-28</b>	2 746.0	3 201.2	3 309.1	3 736.5	4 219.4	4 883.2	5 112.0	5 616.5	6 191.4	7 262.8	7 598.8
France	303.2	328.2	351.8	378.9	426.5	414.9	422.8	388.7	443.7	494.0	521.1
Germany	295.1	314.2	302.1	295.2	346.1	382.7	387.1	405.2	466.3	518.2	552.4
Italy	75.8	49.5	70.8	76.3	91.3	109.9	126.1	118.1	130.2	148.5	169.9
United Kingdom	635.4	687.6	588.0	567.2	588.3	669.3	704.0	740.5	784.5	821.5	808.3

Coverage: excluding intra-EU trade.

Including Special Purpose Entities.

(b) break in series.

(:) not available.

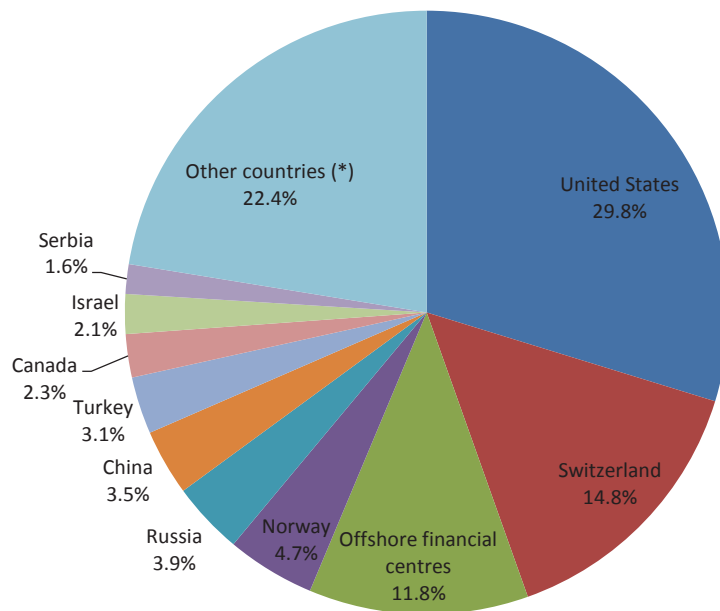
Sources : Eurostat (bop\_fdi\_main; bop\_fdi6\_flow), UNCTAD. Eurostat and UNCTAD cannot be directly compared because of methodological differences.



## Inward FATS - Foreign enterprises in the EU-28 by controlling country (2014)

Number of enterprises by controlling country:

<b>Extra EU-28</b>	<b>91 191</b>
United States	27 134
Switzerland	13 500
Offshore financial centres	10 726
Norway	4 323
Russia	3 534
China	3 228
Turkey	2 790
Canada	2 115
Israel	1 937
Serbia	1 446
Other countries (*)	20 458



(\*) Data for some partners are not available (e.g. Japan)

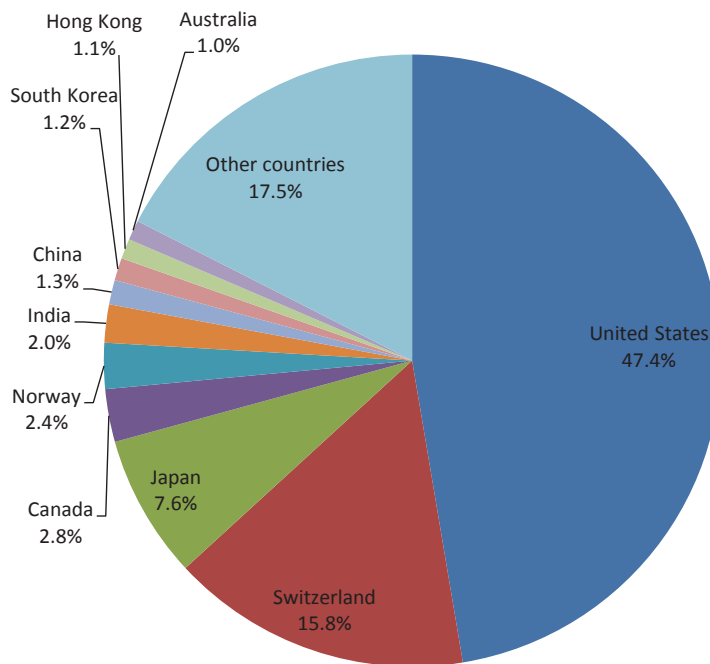
Source : Eurostat (fats\_g1b\_08).



## Inward FATS - Persons employed in the EU-28 by controlling country (2014)

Number of persons by controlling country:

<b>Extra EU-28</b>	<b>7 921 783</b>
United States	3 752 200
Switzerland	1 250 000
Japan	599 990
Canada	221 135
Norway	191 949
India	159 657
China	101 982
South Korea	94 299
Hong Kong	83 639
Australia	83 025
Other countries	1 383 907

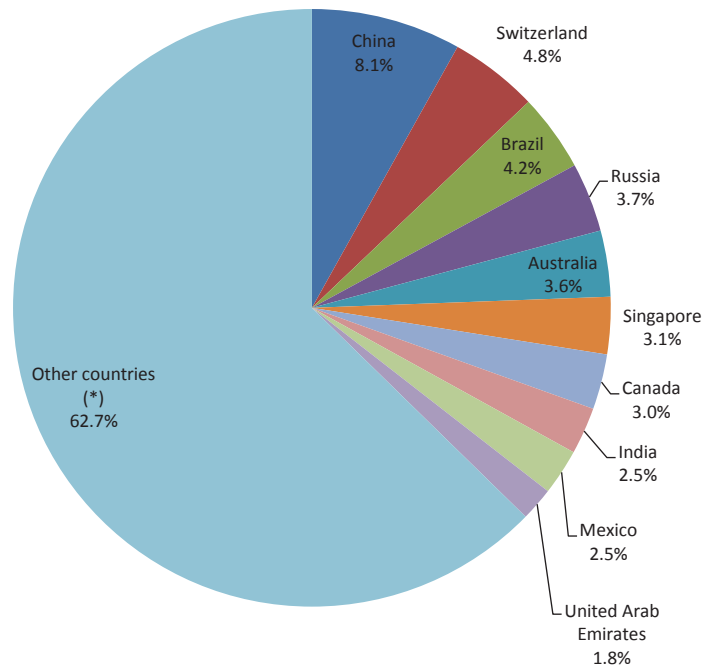


Source : Eurostat (fats\_g1b\_08).

## Outward FATS - Foreign affiliates of EU enterprises by partner country (2015)

Number of enterprises by partner country:

<b>Extra EU-28</b>	<b>91 025</b>
China	7 375
Switzerland	4 365
Brazil	3 815
Russia	3 409
Australia	3 253
Singapore	2 813
Canada	2 721
India	2 312
Mexico	2 264
United Arab Emirates	1 641
Other countries (*)	57 057



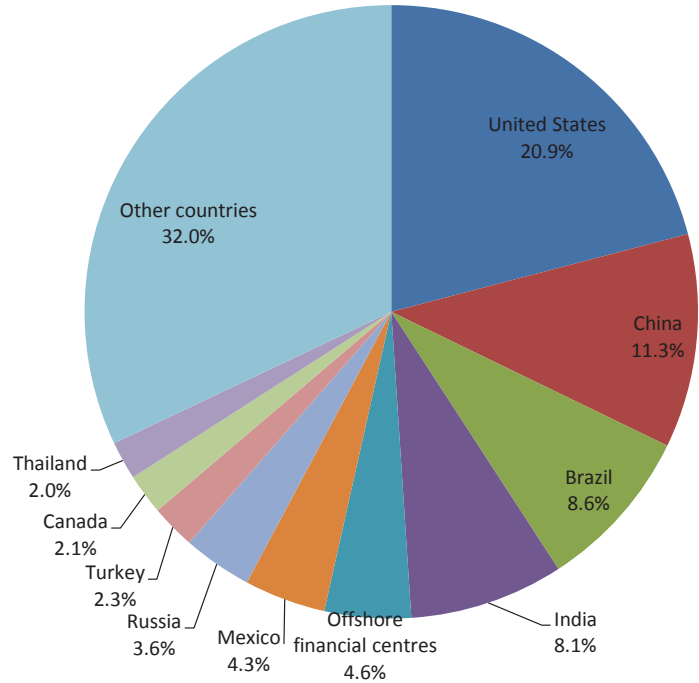
(\*) Data for some partners are not available (e.g. United States)

Source : Eurostat (fats\_g1b\_08).

Outward FATS - Persons employed in foreign affiliates of EU enterprises by partner country (2015)

Number of persons by partner country:

<b>Extra EU-28</b>	<b>14 201 439</b>
United States	2 970 442
China	1 600 489
Brazil	1 226 752
India	1 155 066
Offshore financial centres	646 513
Mexico	609 297
Russia	516 804
Turkey	333 301
Canada	304 297
Thailand	287 643
Other countries	4 550 835



Source : Eurostat (fats\_out2\_r2).

## EU-28 FDI by leading partners, 2016 (billion EUR)

Rank	Leading sources	Inflows	Share	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	379.4	100.0%	100.0%
1	Switzerland	80.5	21.2%	21.2%
2	USA	55.7	14.7%	35.9%
3	Japan	49.7	13.1%	49.0%
4	Canada	32.1	8.5%	57.4%
5	Israel	11.7	3.1%	60.5%
6	China	10.2	2.7%	63.2%
7	Russia	7.4	1.9%	65.1%
8	Brazil	7.4	1.9%	67.1%
9	South Africa	5.9	1.6%	68.6%
10	Mexico	5.8	1.5%	70.2%
	Offshore financial centres	105.3	27.7%	

Rank	Leading sources	Inward stocks	Share	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	6 268.3	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	2 391.1	38.1%	38.1%
2	Switzerland	767.0	12.2%	50.4%
3	Canada	250.1	4.0%	54.4%
4	Japan	205.7	3.3%	57.7%
5	Brazil	97.3	1.6%	59.2%
6	Russia	84.9	1.4%	60.6%
7	Norway	74.7	1.2%	61.8%
8	Israel	62.1	1.0%	62.7%
9	China	45.1	0.7%	63.5%
10	Mexico	42.3	0.7%	64.1%
	Offshore financial centres	1 837.7	29.3%	

Including Special Purpose Entities.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_fdi6\_flow; bop\_fdi6\_pos).

Rank	Leading destinations	Outflows	Share	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	248.4	100.0%	100.0%
1	Switzerland	62.4	25.1%	25.1%
2	Brazil	37.6	15.1%	40.2%
3	United Arab Emirates	28.0	11.3%	51.5%
4	Australia	21.8	8.8%	60.3%
5	China	12.5	5.0%	65.3%
6	India	9.6	3.9%	69.2%
7	Norway	5.9	2.4%	71.6%
8	Singapore	4.1	1.7%	73.2%
9	Canada	4.0	1.6%	74.9%
10	Nigeria	4.0	1.6%	76.5%
	Offshore financial centres	72.4	29.1%	

Rank	Leading destinations	Outward stocks	Share	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	7 598.8	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	2 744.0	36.1%	36.1%
2	Switzerland	976.7	12.9%	49.0%
3	Brazil	373.5	4.9%	53.9%
4	Canada	264.6	3.5%	57.4%
5	China	177.7	2.3%	59.7%
6	Russia	162.0	2.1%	61.8%
7	Australia	161.5	2.1%	64.0%
8	Mexico	137.3	1.8%	65.8%
9	Norway	94.1	1.2%	67.0%
10	Japan	82.8	1.1%	68.1%
	Offshore financial centres	1 276.1	16.8%	



# EU TRADE

## EU-28 exports of goods to extra EU-28 by sector (billion EUR)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1 234.5</b>	<b>1 309.1</b>	<b>1 094.0</b>	<b>1 354.1</b>	<b>1 554.5</b>	<b>1 684.9</b>	<b>1 736.5</b>	<b>1 703.8</b>	<b>1 790.5</b>	<b>1 745.9</b>	<b>1 879.2</b>	
<b>SITC Rev.3</b>												
SITC 0	Food and live animals	42.1	48.3	44.2	54.3	63.4	70.1	75.4	78.8	82.0	84.1	87.7
SITC 1	Beverages and tobacco	19.5	19.5	18.1	21.4	25.1	28.9	29.0	28.8	31.3	32.0	34.0
SITC 2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	27.7	29.0	25.4	34.6	41.2	42.9	40.7	39.1	38.5	37.3	44.4
SITC 3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	66.7	84.7	58.7	79.0	100.2	125.8	121.9	109.4	85.6	74.9	98.5
SITC 4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	2.4	3.0	2.6	3.0	3.9	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.7	5.3	5.4
SITC 5	Chemicals and related products	196.8	197.6	195.6	232.7	254.9	275.5	273.3	278.1	314.7	313.5	333.1
SITC 6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	174.5	177.7	138.7	170.1	195.2	203.5	201.0	199.1	199.1	190.3	203.8
SITC 7	Machinery and transport equipment	546.2	570.9	459.3	571.0	648.8	706.7	709.1	709.9	753.5	745.4	793.4
SITC 8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	132.2	135.9	118.8	139.0	156.4	175.9	181.7	187.6	203.8	205.6	220.8
SITC 9	Commodities and transactions n.c.e.	26.5	42.4	32.9	48.9	65.6	51.1	99.5	68.7	77.3	57.6	58.1
<b>AMA/NAMA</b>												
AMA	Agricultural Products	70.0	77.7	71.0	86.9	101.4	113.5	120.0	121.9	129.1	131.3	138.0
NAMA	Non-Agricultural Products	1 164.5	1 231.4	1 022.9	1 267.2	1 453.1	1 571.4	1 616.5	1 582.0	1 661.4	1 614.6	1 741.1

n.c.e. = not classified elsewhere.

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



## EU-28 imports of goods from extra EU-28 by sector (billion EUR)

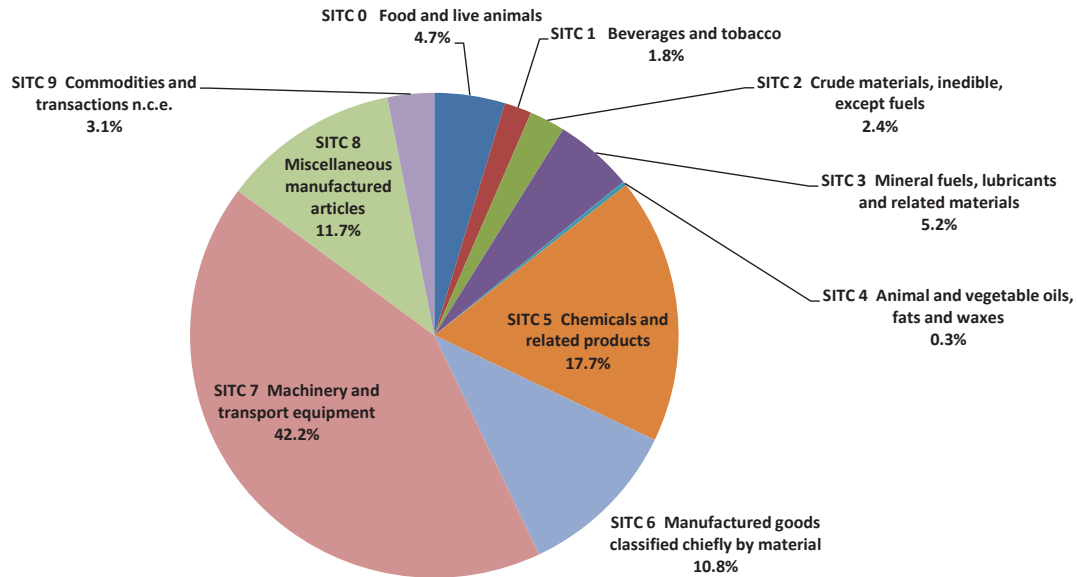
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1 450.3</b>	<b>1 585.2</b>	<b>1 235.6</b>	<b>1 531.5</b>	<b>1 730.0</b>	<b>1 798.8</b>	<b>1 687.7</b>	<b>1 692.8</b>	<b>1 730.5</b>	<b>1 713.4</b>	<b>1 858.6</b>	
<b>SITC Rev.3</b>												
SITC 0	Food and live animals	69.0	74.6	67.4	73.9	84.4	85.5	86.0	90.8	99.9	100.9	103.5
SITC 1	Beverages and tobacco	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.7	8.5	8.2	8.5
SITC 2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	64.4	67.4	41.7	64.1	76.8	71.5	67.5	64.4	62.8	59.2	67.3
SITC 3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	341.9	460.2	299.9	385.0	494.8	547.3	499.8	444.6	328.6	264.8	338.5
SITC 4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	5.7	8.0	5.6	6.7	8.6	9.2	8.7	8.4	9.0	9.1	10.8
SITC 5	Chemicals and related products	120.7	124.3	112.5	137.3	155.3	163.4	157.9	165.4	185.6	185.4	194.7
SITC 6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	189.1	178.3	115.5	157.8	185.0	168.3	164.7	172.7	183.9	181.6	199.9
SITC 7	Machinery and transport equipment	429.0	425.9	352.9	444.1	443.5	451.6	437.9	460.1	537.6	555.4	594.2
SITC 8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	193.6	196.9	181.0	206.3	218.2	221.6	217.2	235.5	268.1	268.9	276.8
SITC 9	Commodities and transactions n.c.e.	30.4	43.5	52.7	49.5	56.3	72.9	40.4	43.3	46.4	79.9	64.4
<b>AMA/NAMA</b>												
AMA	Agricultural Products	77.6	88.1	76.7	84.2	98.4	101.9	101.9	104.2	113.6	112.5	117.5
NAMA	Non-Agricultural Products	1 372.7	1 497.1	1 158.9	1 447.3	1 631.6	1 696.8	1 585.8	1 588.6	1 616.9	1 600.9	1 741.1

n.c.e. = not classified elsewhere.

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



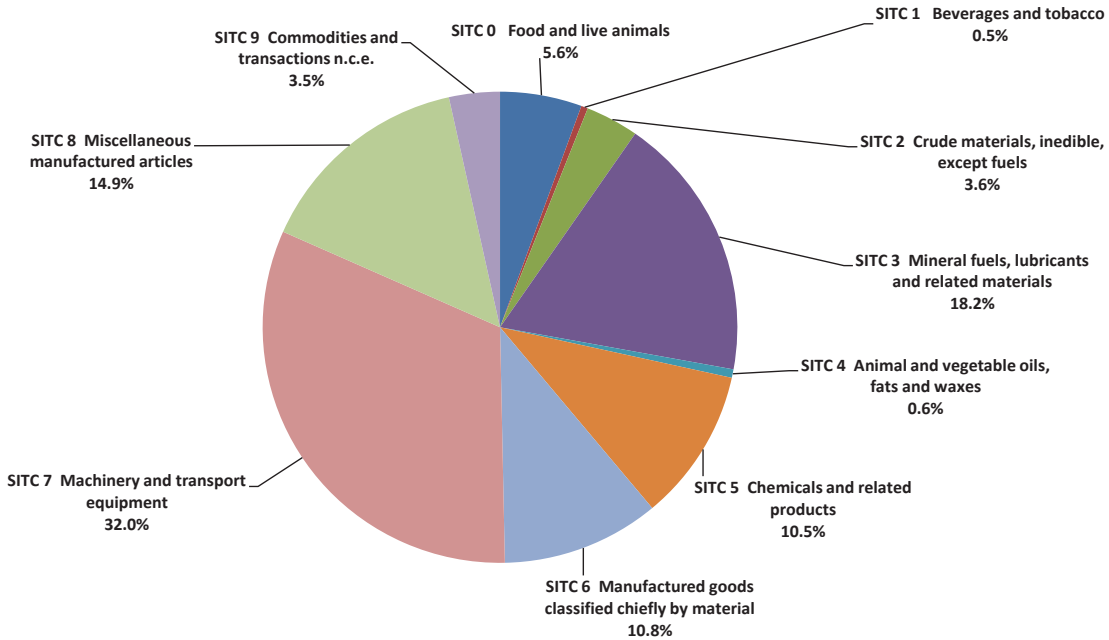
EU-28 exports of goods to extra EU-28 by sector, 2017 shares (%)



Source: Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



EU-28 imports of goods from extra EU-28 by sector, 2017 shares (%)



Source: Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).

EU-28 trade in goods with extra EU-28 by sector (billion EUR, %)

SITC Rev.3	Exports				Imports				Trade balance
	Value 2017	Share in total 2017	Variation 2016-2017	CAGR 2007-2017	Value 2017	Share in total 2017	Variation 2016-2017	CAGR 2007-2017	2017
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1 879.2</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>7.6%</b>	<b>4.3%</b>	<b>1 858.6</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>8.5%</b>	<b>2.5%</b>	<b>20.5</b>
SITC 0 Food and live animals	87.7	4.7%	4.4%	7.6%	103.5	5.6%	2.6%	4.1%	- 15.8
SITC 1 Beverages and tobacco	34.0	1.8%	6.3%	5.7%	8.5	0.5%	3.2%	2.5%	25.5
SITC 2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	44.4	2.4%	19.0%	4.8%	67.3	3.6%	13.7%	0.4%	- 22.9
SITC 3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	98.5	5.2%	31.6%	4.0%	338.5	18.2%	27.8%	-0.1%	- 240.0
SITC 4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	5.4	0.3%	2.0%	8.3%	10.8	0.6%	18.5%	6.7%	- 5.4
SITC 5 Chemicals and related products	333.1	17.7%	6.3%	5.4%	194.7	10.5%	5.0%	4.9%	138.4
SITC 6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	203.8	10.8%	7.1%	1.6%	199.9	10.8%	10.1%	0.6%	3.9
SITC 7 Machinery and transport equipment	793.4	42.2%	6.4%	3.8%	594.2	32.0%	7.0%	3.3%	199.2
SITC 8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles	220.8	11.7%	7.4%	5.3%	276.8	14.9%	3.0%	3.6%	- 56.0
SITC 9 Commodities and transactions n.c.e.	58.1	3.1%	0.8%	8.2%	64.4	3.5%	- 19.4%	7.8%	- 6.3
<b>AMA/NAMA</b>									
AMA Agricultural Products	138.0	7.3%	5.1%	7.0%	117.5	6.3%	4.4%	4.2%	20.5
NAMA Non-Agricultural Products	1 741.1	92.7%	7.8%	4.1%	1 741.1	93.7%	8.8%	2.4%	0.0

n.c.e. = 'not classified elsewhere'.

CAGR (compound annual growth rate) is the rate at which the initial value had to grow every year in a time period to obtain the final value.

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).

## EU-28 trade balance in goods by partner (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Extra EU-28	- 215.9	- 276.1	- 141.7	- 177.5	- 175.5	- 113.8	48.8	11.1	60.0	32.5	20.5
Argentina	- 2.6	- 4.6	- 3.4	- 1.9	- 2.4	- 1.4	1.9	0.6	1.0	0.3	1.7
Australia	10.4	12.9	12.0	14.5	16.2	19.4	21.9	20.4	21.9	19.3	21.7
Brazil	- 11.6	- 9.7	- 4.5	- 2.3	- 4.2	1.7	6.6	5.7	3.6	1.3	1.1
Canada	1.1	0.4	2.6	2.0	- 0.8	1.1	4.5	4.2	7.1	6.1	6.3
China	- 162.0	- 170.8	- 132.9	- 170.5	- 158.6	- 147.9	- 132.0	- 137.8	- 180.7	- 175.3	- 176.6
India	2.5	1.7	2.0	1.5	0.7	1.1	- 0.9	- 1.5	- 1.4	- 1.6	- 2.5
Indonesia	- 7.4	- 7.7	- 6.5	- 7.6	- 8.9	- 5.8	- 4.7	- 4.9	- 5.4	- 4.2	- 6.6
Japan	- 35.5	- 34.1	- 22.5	- 23.3	- 21.5	- 9.3	- 2.6	- 3.2	- 3.3	- 8.6	- 8.2
Mexico	8.8	8.0	5.8	7.6	6.9	8.4	9.9	10.5	14.1	13.9	14.1
Russia	- 58.5	- 75.5	- 53.9	- 75.8	- 92.7	- 91.7	- 87.5	- 79.1	- 62.6	- 46.5	- 58.9
Saudi Arabia	1.3	- 0.9	7.3	6.9	- 2.0	- 4.5	3.5	6.4	18.8	14.9	11.2
South Africa	- 1.6	- 4.0	- 3.4	0.9	4.5	5.1	8.9	4.8	6.1	- 0.1	1.8
South Korea	- 17.0	- 14.2	- 10.9	- 11.6	- 3.8	- 0.2	4.1	4.4	5.4	2.5	- 0.3
Turkey	5.5	8.2	8.0	18.9	24.5	26.7	27.0	20.3	17.3	11.2	14.7
United States	82.2	65.3	48.5	68.5	70.0	84.2	89.9	102.1	122.0	113.2	119.0

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



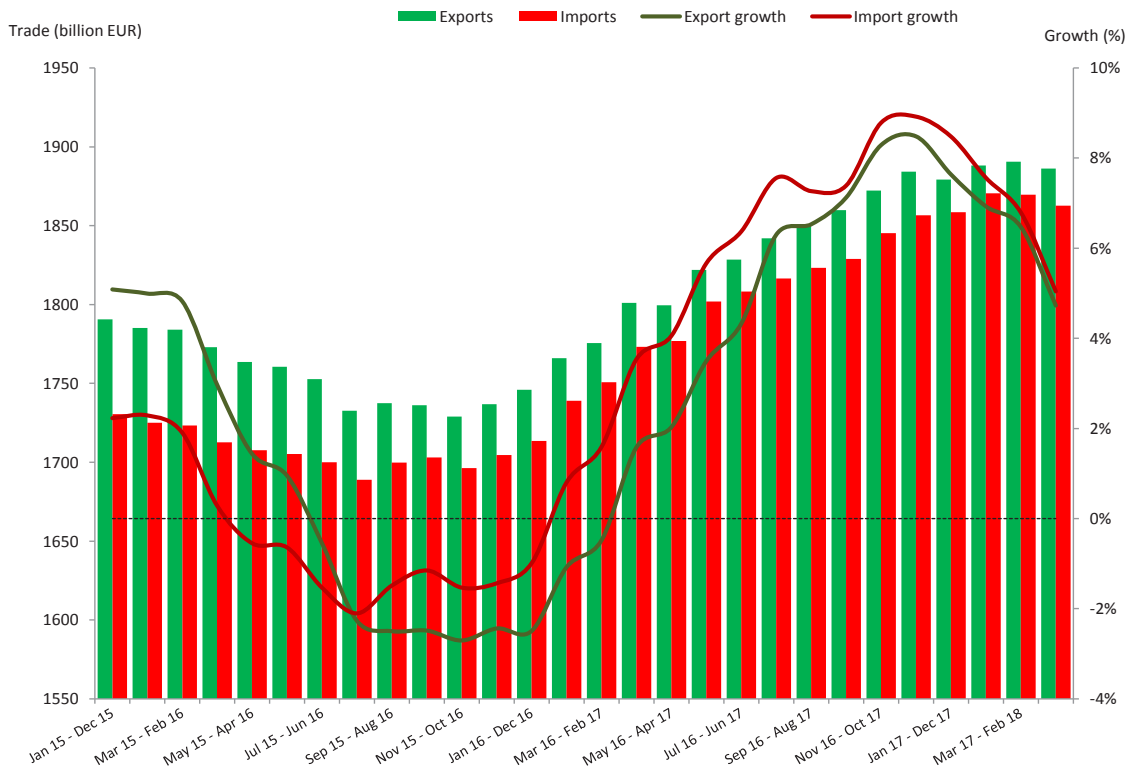
EU-28 trade in goods with extra EU-28, 12-month moving sums and year-on-year growth (billion EUR, %)

Period	EU-28 trade with extra EU-28 (billion EUR)			Year-on-year growth (*)	
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Export growth	Import growth
Jan 15 - Dec 15	1,790.5	1,730.5	60.0	5.1%	2.2%
...					
Jan 16 - Dec 16	1,745.9	1,713.4	32.5	-2.5%	-1.0%
Feb 16 - Jan 17	1,765.9	1,739.0	26.9	-1.1%	0.8%
Mar 16 - Feb 17	1,775.6	1,750.8	24.7	-0.5%	1.6%
Apr 16 - Mar 17	1,801.0	1,773.2	27.8	1.6%	3.5%
May 16 - Apr 17	1,799.5	1,776.9	22.6	2.0%	4.1%
Jun 16 - May 17	1,822.1	1,801.9	20.2	3.5%	5.7%
Jul 16 - Jun 17	1,828.5	1,808.2	20.3	4.3%	6.4%
Aug 16 - Jul 17	1,841.9	1,816.6	25.3	6.3%	7.6%
Sep 16 - Aug 17	1,850.9	1,823.4	27.5	6.5%	7.3%
Oct 16 - Sep 17	1,859.8	1,828.9	30.9	7.1%	7.4%
Nov 16 - Oct 17	1,872.4	1,845.3	27.0	8.3%	8.8%
Dec 16 - Nov 17	1,884.2	1,856.6	27.6	8.5%	8.9%
Jan 17 - Dec 17	1,879.2	1,858.6	20.5	7.6%	8.5%
Feb 17 - Jan 18	1,888.2	1,870.5	17.7	6.9%	7.6%
Mar 17 - Feb 18	1,890.5	1,869.7	20.7	6.5%	6.8%
Apr 17 - Mar 18	1,886.1	1,862.6	23.5	4.7%	5.0%

(\*) Compared to the same period 12 months earlier, e.g. Apr 17 - Mar 18 compared to Apr 16 - Mar 17.

Source : Eurostat (Comext).





Source : Eurostat (Comext).



## EU-28 exports of services to extra EU-28 by type (billion EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>452.4</b>	<b>506.1</b>	<b>525.3</b>	<b>512.2</b>	<b>566.7</b>	<b>616.1</b>	<b>687.2</b>	<b>723.4</b>	<b>768.5</b>	<b>847.5</b>	<b>844.9</b>
<b>EBOPS</b>											
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	:	:	:	:	18.7	19.3	20.6	21.0	20.2	19.8	19.5
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	:	:	:	:	4.6	5.5	7.2	9.2	9.7	11.9	11.9
Transport	113.8	123.6	135.9	109.9	124.1	134.2	144.3	140.4	141.6	149.0	145.6
Travel	71.8	75.1	74.0	69.3	81.5	86.3	96.7	105.0	110.4	114.7	112.3
Construction	13.9	16.3	17.6	19.7	9.4	10.4	11.1	13.0	13.9	12.9	11.5
Insurance and pension services	11.2	14.5	13.1	22.4	21.6	23.0	31.6	29.5	24.3	25.4	31.6
Financial services	42.2	53.9	50.5	43.3	59.7	69.3	73.3	77.9	77.6	87.8	89.7
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	24.3	27.2	27.3	29.7	29.0	35.2	36.4	39.6	51.7	64.5	64.7
Telecommunications, computer, and information services	30.9	36.1	42.9	45.5	63.8	69.7	80.6	85.8	94.2	114.2	113.9
Other business services	131.2	144.5	150.4	159.5	140.8	149.1	167.6	184.2	209.3	229.0	226.1
Personal, cultural and recreational services	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	6.1	6.4	7.4	7.4	8.2	8.8	9.4
Government goods and services n.i.e.	8.3	8.4	7.6	7.5	7.1	7.3	8.6	8.7	7.2	7.7	7.5
Services not allocated	0.0	1.6	1.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.9	1.7	0.2	1.7	1.1
<b>Commercial services</b>	<b>444.1</b>	<b>497.7</b>	<b>517.7</b>	<b>504.7</b>	<b>559.6</b>	<b>608.8</b>	<b>678.6</b>	<b>714.7</b>	<b>761.3</b>	<b>839.8</b>	<b>837.4</b>

Until 2009: EU-27/BPM5. From 2010: EU-28/BPM6.

EBOPS: Extended Balance of Payments Services classification (2010).

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere.

Commercial services = services excluding government services n.i.e.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its\_det; bop\_its6\_det).

## EU-28 imports of services from extra EU-28 by type (billion EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>381.4</b>	<b>419.1</b>	<b>454.0</b>	<b>429.1</b>	<b>462.0</b>	<b>480.5</b>	<b>519.8</b>	<b>543.7</b>	<b>604.3</b>	<b>705.1</b>	<b>711.8</b>
<b>EBOPS</b>											
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	:	:	:	:	4.5	5.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.6	8.9
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	:	:	:	:	2.4	3.2	3.1	8.2	7.6	9.6	9.6
Transport	99.0	102.7	112.2	89.9	108.7	113.3	118.1	117.8	115.9	121.8	118.1
Travel	87.9	94.5	93.5	85.7	85.4	86.9	89.8	90.8	100.0	103.6	99.1
Construction	7.1	8.0	8.0	9.9	5.1	4.6	5.7	5.4	4.9	5.1	5.0
Insurance and pension services	7.7	8.0	8.6	10.8	11.8	10.8	11.2	12.1	12.0	11.2	11.6
Financial services	17.2	20.4	18.7	16.1	26.3	31.9	32.2	37.8	39.9	43.3	44.1
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	31.4	34.6	41.8	42.6	40.0	41.9	44.1	45.8	84.3	114.4	114.1
Telecommunications, computer, and information services	19.7	22.1	25.3	27.0	40.0	39.2	43.4	48.2	43.3	62.8	45.0
Other business services	95.8	107.9	119.8	121.6	122.3	128.3	148.1	153.5	172.2	208.2	239.6
Personal, cultural and recreational services	7.2	6.0	6.0	5.1	8.2	8.5	9.1	9.8	10.0	11.4	10.8
Government goods and services n.i.e.	6.8	7.2	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.4	7.1	6.7	6.6	5.0	5.9
Services not allocated	1.5	7.6	12.9	13.4	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
<b>Commercial services</b>	<b>374.6</b>	<b>411.9</b>	<b>446.8</b>	<b>422.0</b>	<b>455.3</b>	<b>474.1</b>	<b>512.7</b>	<b>537.0</b>	<b>597.6</b>	<b>700.1</b>	<b>705.9</b>

Until 2009: EU-27/BPM5. From 2010: EU-28/BPM6.

EBOPS: Extended Balance of Payments Services classification (2010).

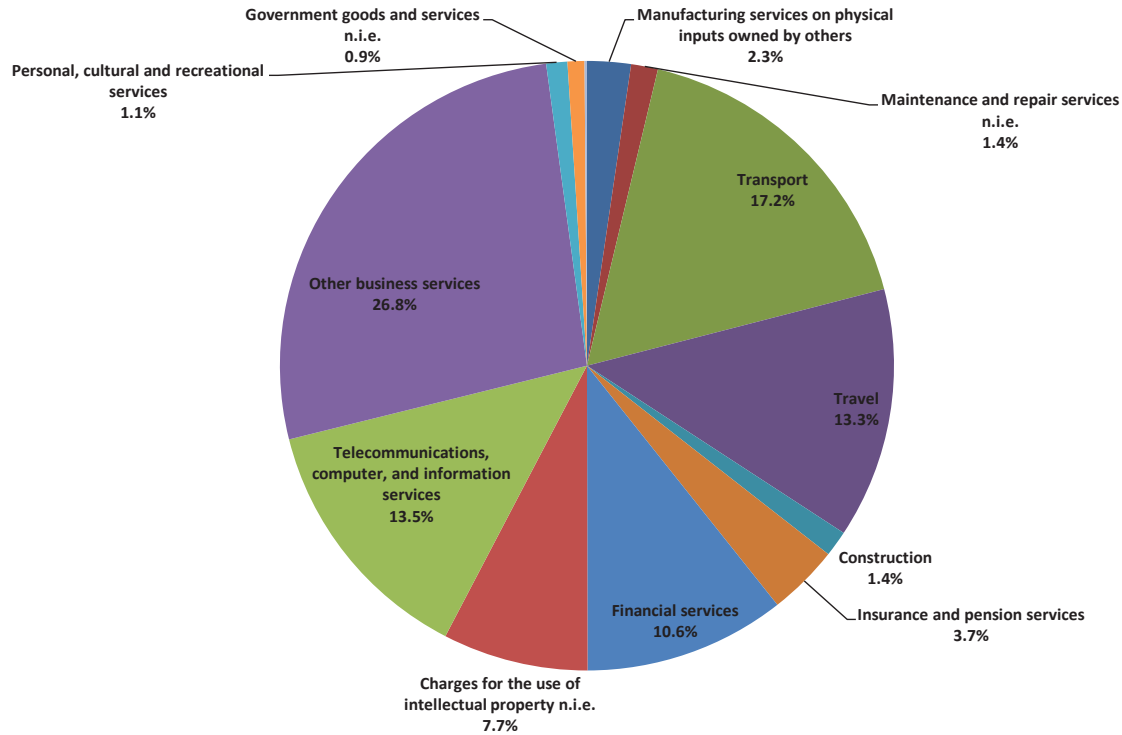
n.i.e. = not included elsewhere.

Commercial services = services excluding government services n.i.e.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its\_det; bop\_its6\_det).



EU-28 exports of services to extra EU-28 by type, 2016 shares (%)



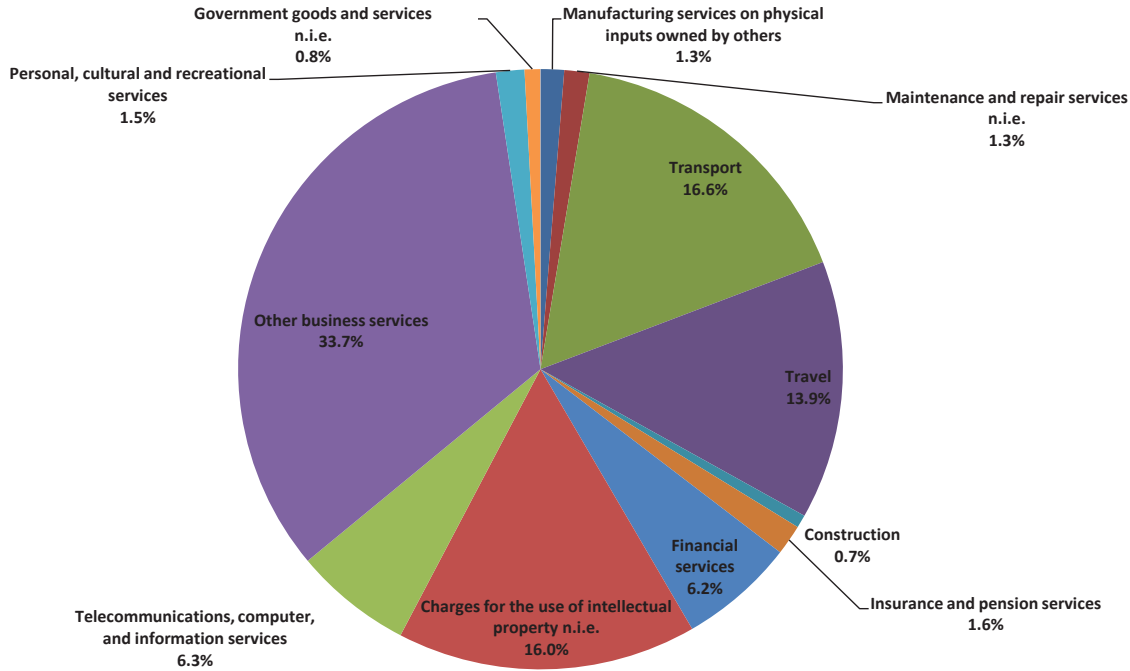
n.i.e. = not included elsewhere.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its6\_det).





EU-28 imports of services from extra EU-28 by type, 2016 shares (%)



n.i.e. = not included elsewhere.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its6\_det).



EU-28 trade in services with extra EU-28 by type (billion EUR, %)

EBOPS	Exports				Imports				Trade balance
	Value 2016	Share in total 2016	Variation 2015-2016	CAGR 2012-2016	Value 2016	Share in total 2016	Variation 2015-2016	CAGR 2012-2016	2016
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>844.9</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>- 0.3%</b>	<b>5.3%</b>	<b>711.8</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>	<b>8.2%</b>	<b>133.1</b>
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others	19.5	2.3%	- 1.8%	- 1.4%	8.9	1.3%	4.2%	4.5%	10.5
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.	11.9	1.4%	0.3%	13.4%	9.6	1.3%	0.1%	32.6%	2.4
Transport	145.6	17.2%	- 2.2%	0.2%	118.1	16.6%	- 3.0%	0.0%	27.5
Travel	112.3	13.3%	- 2.2%	3.8%	99.1	13.9%	- 4.3%	2.5%	13.1
Construction	11.5	1.4%	- 10.2%	1.0%	5.0	0.7%	- 3.4%	- 3.3%	6.6
Insurance and pension services	31.6	3.7%	24.4%	0.0%	11.6	1.6%	3.7%	0.8%	20.1
Financial services	89.7	10.6%	2.1%	5.2%	44.1	6.2%	1.9%	8.2%	45.6
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.	64.7	7.7%	0.4%	15.5%	114.1	16.0%	- 0.3%	26.8%	- 49.4
Telecommunications, computer, and information services	113.9	13.5%	- 0.3%	9.0%	45.0	6.3%	- 28.4%	0.9%	68.9
Other business services	226.1	26.8%	- 1.3%	7.8%	239.6	33.7%	15.0%	12.8%	- 13.4
Personal, cultural and recreational services	9.4	1.1%	6.7%	6.1%	10.8	1.5%	- 4.7%	4.3%	- 1.4
Government goods and services n.i.e.	7.5	0.9%	- 2.6%	- 3.2%	5.9	0.8%	19.4%	- 4.6%	1.6
Services not allocated	1.1	0.1%	- 38.1%	- 13.1%	0.1	0.0%	- 44.8%	- 25.6%	1.0
<b>Commercial services</b>	<b>837.4</b>	<b>99.1%</b>	<b>- 0.3%</b>	<b>5.4%</b>	<b>705.9</b>	<b>99.2%</b>	<b>0.8%</b>	<b>8.3%</b>	<b>131.5</b>

EBOPS: Extended Balance of Payments Services classification.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere.

Commercial services = services excluding government services n.i.e.

CAGR (compound annual growth rate) is the rate at which the initial value had to grow every year in a time period to obtain the final value.

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its6\_det).

## EU-28 trade balance in services by partner (billion EUR)

Country	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Extra EU-28	71.0	87.0	71.3	83.0	104.7	135.6	167.4	179.7	164.3	142.4	133.1
Argentina	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4
Australia	3.4	4.4	6.0	7.0	7.0	8.5	10.5	11.8	10.8	9.7	10.5
Brazil	0.9	2.0	3.8	3.5	8.5	10.0	9.0	8.7	8.1	6.6	5.6
Canada	2.1	2.2	2.5	4.2	4.4	5.2	5.9	6.3	5.5	6.4	6.7
China	2.0	2.6	5.1	4.9	2.2	4.0	5.6	6.6	7.2	9.7	8.8
India	1.6	1.5	0.8	1.8	-1.0	-2.4	-1.0	-0.7	-0.4	-0.1	-1.7
Indonesia	0.4	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8
Japan	5.6	6.0	3.4	5.3	4.9	4.7	9.4	9.7	10.0	11.6	13.0
Mexico	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.6	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.8
Russia	4.1	7.1	7.6	7.3	9.9	12.9	15.4	17.1	18.2	13.0	13.5
Saudi Arabia	4.4	6.5	4.2	5.9	4.4	4.2	5.2	6.5	9.5	10.2	10.6
South Africa	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.2	3.0	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.2	2.8
South Korea	2.7	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.6	3.2	4.0	5.1	5.6	6.2	6.0
Turkey	-5.0	-5.2	-5.9	-4.8	-6.2	-5.9	-5.1	-4.8	-5.2	-4.3	-2.1
United States	8.6	9.2	0.0	-2.1	-3.2	7.1	14.9	17.1	5.9	17.9	-1.3

Until 2009: EU-27/BPM5. From 2010: EU-28/BPM6

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot, bop\_its6\_tot).

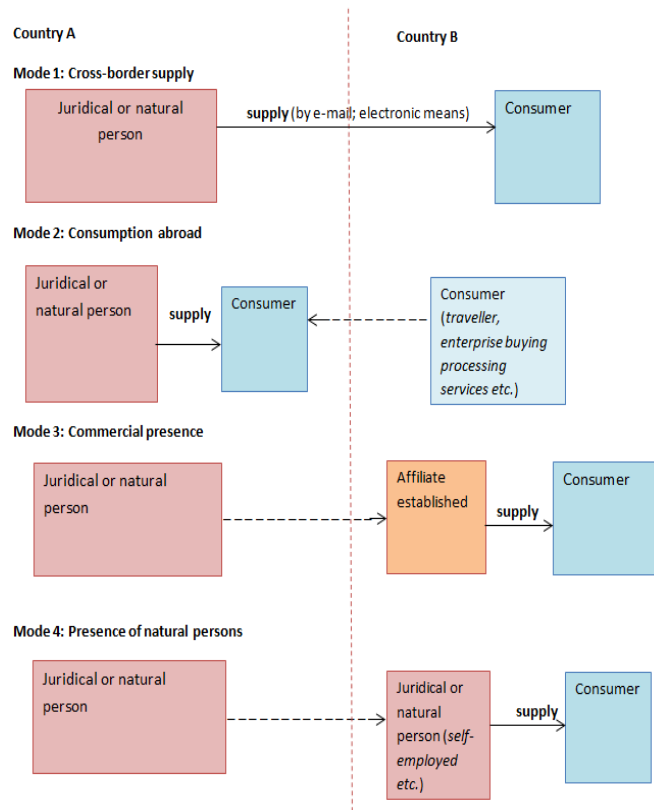


## Services trade by modes of supply (MOS)

Trade in services statistics by modes of supply (MOS) aim to answer the question of how and where services are supplied to foreign customers. Services broken down by MOS take into account both international trade in services statistics (ITSS) and foreign affiliates statistics (FATS).

The General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS) defines trade in services as the supply of a service through any of four modes of supply:

- **Mode 1: Cross-border supply:** from the territory of one country into the territory of another country;
- **Mode 2: Consumption abroad:** in the territory of one country to the service consumer of another country;
- **Mode 3: Commercial presence:** by a service supplier of one country, through a commercial presence in the territory of another country (the FATS framework is designed to provide information on the activities of enterprises located in foreign markets);
- **Mode 4: Presence of natural persons:** by a service supplier of one country, through the presence of natural persons of that country in the territory of any other country.

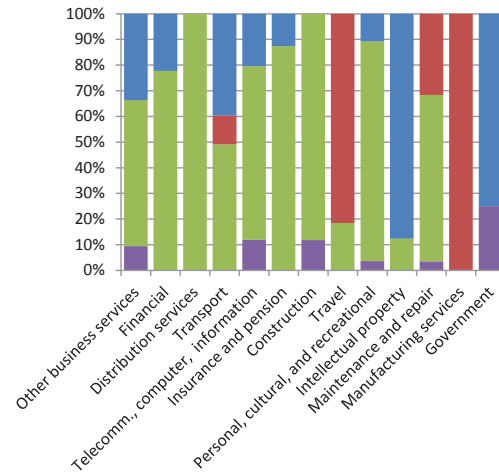
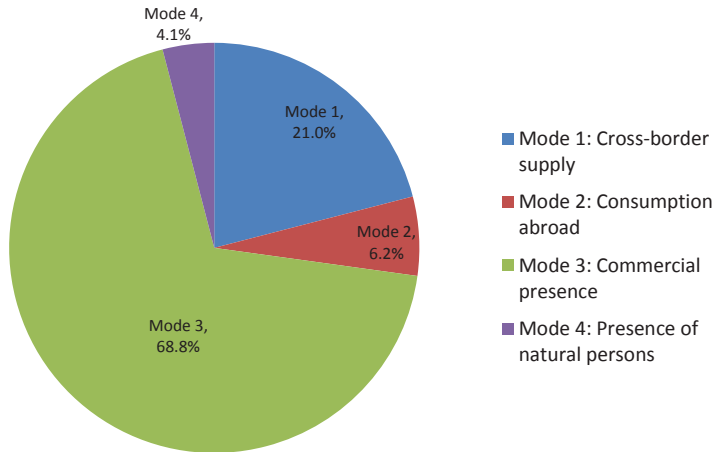


When considering total services traded, comprising both international trade in services exports and outward FATS, the pilot study (based on 2013 data) shows that two thirds of EU-28 total services are supplied by the affiliates in the foreign country i.e. using mode 3. The same is true for imports, comprising two thirds of total services imports. Commercial presence is the most important mode for delivering e.g. the following services: finance, insurance, telecommunications and other business services (including R&D, accounting, legal and engineering services).

Other main findings of the study are available on:

[http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/Services\\_trade\\_statistics\\_by\\_modes\\_of\\_supply](http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/Services_trade_statistics_by_modes_of_supply)

### EU-28 outward supply of services (2013)



## EU-28 trade balance in goods and services by partner (billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Extra EU-28	- 128.8	- 204.8	- 58.6	- 72.8	- 39.8	53.5	228.5	175.3	202.4	165.5
Argentina	- 2.2	- 4.1	- 2.8	- 0.7	- 1.0	0.2	3.7	2.5	3.2	2.6
Australia	14.8	18.9	19.0	21.5	24.7	29.9	33.7	31.2	31.7	29.8
Brazil	- 9.7	- 5.9	- 1.0	6.2	5.8	10.7	15.3	13.8	10.3	6.9
Canada	3.4	2.8	6.8	6.4	4.4	7.0	10.8	9.7	13.5	12.7
China	- 159.4	- 165.7	- 128.0	- 168.2	- 154.6	- 142.3	- 125.4	- 130.6	- 171.0	- 166.5
India	4.0	2.5	3.8	0.6	- 1.7	0.1	- 1.6	- 1.9	- 1.5	- 3.3
Indonesia	- 6.5	- 6.9	- 5.5	- 6.2	- 7.5	- 4.2	- 2.8	- 3.1	- 3.7	- 2.4
Japan	- 29.5	- 30.7	- 17.2	- 18.5	- 16.8	0.1	7.1	6.7	8.3	4.4
Mexico	10.2	9.2	7.6	10.2	10.5	12.5	14.1	14.9	19.0	18.8
Russia	- 51.5	- 67.9	- 46.6	- 65.9	- 79.9	- 76.3	- 70.4	- 60.9	- 49.6	- 33.0
Saudi Arabia	:	3.3	13.2	11.3	2.2	0.7	10.0	16.0	29.0	25.4
South Africa	0.3	- 2.2	- 1.5	3.0	7.5	8.3	11.7	7.6	9.2	2.7
South Korea	- 13.8	- 11.2	- 8.1	- 8.9	- 0.6	3.8	9.2	10.0	11.6	8.5
Turkey	0.2	2.3	3.2	12.6	18.6	21.6	22.2	15.1	12.9	9.0
United States	91.4	65.3	46.4	65.3	77.1	99.1	107.0	108.0	139.9	111.9

Until 2009: EU-27/BPM5. From 2010: EU-28/BPM6

(-) not available.

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat (bop\_its\_tot, bop\_its6\_tot).

## EU-28 trade in goods by leading trade partner, 2017 (billion EUR, %)

Rank	Leading clients	Exports	Share in exports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	1 879.2	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	375.9	20.0%	20.0%
2	China	198.2	10.5%	30.5%
3	Switzerland	150.4	8.0%	38.6%
4	Russia	86.2	4.6%	43.1%
5	Turkey	84.5	4.5%	47.6%
6	Japan	60.7	3.2%	50.9%
7	Norway	50.7	2.7%	53.6%
8	South Korea	49.7	2.6%	56.2%
9	United Arab Emirates	42.6	2.3%	58.5%
10	India	41.7	2.2%	60.7%
11	Mexico	37.9	2.0%	62.7%
12	Canada	37.7	2.0%	64.7%
13	Hong Kong	36.8	2.0%	66.7%
14	Australia	34.7	1.8%	68.5%
15	Singapore	33.2	1.8%	70.3%
16	Saudi Arabia	33.1	1.8%	72.1%
17	Brazil	32.2	1.7%	73.8%
18	South Africa	24.5	1.3%	75.1%
19	Morocco	22.4	1.2%	76.3%
20	Israel	21.5	1.1%	77.4%

Rank	Leading suppliers	Imports	Share in imports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	1 858.6	100.0%	100.0%
1	China	374.8	20.2%	20.2%
2	USA	256.8	13.8%	34.0%
3	Russia	145.1	7.8%	41.8%
4	Switzerland	110.4	5.9%	47.7%
5	Norway	77.4	4.2%	51.9%
6	Turkey	69.8	3.8%	55.7%
7	Japan	68.9	3.7%	59.4%
8	South Korea	50.0	2.7%	62.0%
9	India	44.2	2.4%	64.4%
10	Vietnam	37.0	2.0%	66.4%
11	Canada	31.4	1.7%	68.1%
12	Brazil	31.2	1.7%	69.8%
13	Taiwan	29.5	1.6%	71.4%
14	Malaysia	25.0	1.3%	72.7%
15	Mexico	23.8	1.3%	74.0%
16	South Africa	22.7	1.2%	75.2%
17	Thailand	22.3	1.2%	76.4%
18	Saudi Arabia	21.9	1.2%	77.6%
19	Singapore	20.1	1.1%	78.7%
20	Algeria	18.6	1.0%	79.7%

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



## EU-28 trade in services by leading trade partner, 2016 (billion EUR, %)

Rank	Leading clients	Exports	Share in exports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	844.9	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	218.0	25.8%	25.8%
2	Switzerland	115.0	13.6%	39.4%
3	China	38.3	4.5%	44.0%
4	Japan	31.0	3.7%	47.6%
5	Norway	27.9	3.3%	50.9%
6	Russia	24.7	2.9%	53.9%
7	Singapore	22.4	2.7%	56.5%
8	Australia	18.8	2.2%	58.7%
9	Canada	18.5	2.2%	60.9%
10	United Arab Emirates	14.9	1.8%	62.7%
11	Saudi Arabia	13.7	1.6%	64.3%
12	India	13.6	1.6%	65.9%
13	Brazil	13.5	1.6%	67.5%
14	South Korea	12.6	1.5%	69.0%
15	Guernsey	12.4	1.5%	70.5%
16	Turkey	11.8	1.4%	71.9%
17	Hong Kong	10.9	1.3%	73.1%
18	Jersey	10.1	1.2%	74.3%
19	Mexico	9.8	1.2%	75.5%
20	South Africa	7.8	0.9%	76.4%

Rank	Leading suppliers	Imports	Share in imports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU 28	711.8	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	219.3	30.8%	30.8%
2	Switzerland	94.1	13.2%	44.0%
3	China	29.6	4.2%	48.2%
4	Bermuda	24.4	3.4%	51.6%
5	Singapore	22.0	3.1%	54.7%
6	Japan	18.0	2.5%	57.2%
7	Bahamas	15.6	2.2%	59.4%
8	India	15.3	2.1%	61.6%
9	Norway	15.2	2.1%	63.7%
10	Turkey	13.9	2.0%	65.6%
11	United Arab Emirates	13.2	1.8%	67.5%
12	Canada	11.8	1.7%	69.2%
13	Hong Kong	11.4	1.6%	70.8%
14	Russia	11.3	1.6%	72.3%
15	Cayman Isles	10.6	1.5%	73.8%
16	Australia	8.3	1.2%	75.0%
17	Brazil	7.9	1.1%	76.1%
18	South Korea	6.6	0.9%	77.0%
19	Thailand	6.3	0.9%	77.9%
20	Jersey	5.5	0.8%	78.7%

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its6\_tot).



## EU-28 trade in goods and services by leading trade partner, 2016 (billion EUR, %)

Rank	Leading clients	Exports	Share in exports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	2 590.7	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	581.6	22.5%	22.5%
2	Switzerland	257.3	9.9%	32.4%
3	China	208.1	8.0%	40.4%
4	Russia	97.2	3.8%	44.2%
5	Turkey	89.7	3.5%	47.6%
6	Japan	89.1	3.4%	51.1%
7	Norway	76.3	2.9%	54.0%
8	United Arab Emirates	60.7	2.3%	56.4%
9	South Korea	56.7	2.2%	58.5%
10	Singapore	53.9	2.1%	60.6%
11	Canada	53.7	2.1%	62.7%
12	India	51.3	2.0%	64.7%
13	Australia	51.3	2.0%	66.7%
14	Saudi Arabia	47.6	1.8%	68.5%
15	Hong Kong	46.0	1.8%	70.3%
16	Brazil	44.4	1.7%	72.0%
17	Mexico	43.7	1.7%	73.7%
18	South Africa	30.8	1.2%	74.9%
19	Israel	27.7	1.1%	75.9%
20	Egypt	24.8	1.0%	76.9%

Rank	Leading suppliers	Imports	Share in imports	Cumulative share
	Extra EU-28	2 425.2	100.0%	100.0%
1	USA	469.7	19.4%	19.4%
2	China	374.6	15.4%	34.8%
3	Switzerland	215.8	8.9%	43.7%
4	Russia	130.1	5.4%	49.1%
5	Japan	84.7	3.5%	52.6%
6	Turkey	80.7	3.3%	55.9%
7	Norway	78.5	3.2%	59.1%
8	India	54.6	2.3%	61.4%
9	South Korea	48.3	2.0%	63.4%
10	Singapore	41.5	1.7%	65.1%
11	Canada	41.0	1.7%	66.8%
12	Brazil	37.5	1.5%	68.3%
13	Vietnam	34.8	1.4%	69.8%
14	Hong Kong	29.6	1.2%	71.0%
15	Taiwan	29.0	1.2%	72.2%
16	South Africa	28.1	1.2%	73.3%
17	Thailand	26.5	1.1%	74.4%
18	Malaysia	25.2	1.0%	75.5%
19	Mexico	24.9	1.0%	76.5%
20	Bermuda	24.7	1.0%	77.5%

Sources : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4), Eurostat bop\_its6\_tot).



## EU-28 trade in goods by FTA partner, 2017 (billion EUR, %)

Partners	Exports				Imports			
	Value	Share in EU exports	Growth 2016-2017	CAGR 2007-2017	Value	Share in EU imports	Growth 2016-2017	CAGR 2007-2017
<b>FTA implemented or concluded</b>	<b>717.9</b>	<b>38.2%</b>	<b>7.0%</b>	<b>4.3%</b>	<b>625.5</b>	<b>33.7%</b>	<b>8.0%</b>	<b>2.7%</b>
Canada	37.7	2.0%	7.2%	4.0%	31.4	1.7%	7.8%	2.6%
Central America	5.4	0.3%	2.9%	0.1%	6.1	0.3%	11.5%	2.5%
Chile	8.8	0.5%	2.4%	6.3%	8.2	0.4%	11.7%	-4.1%
Colombia-Peru-Ecuador	12.3	0.7%	15.0%	8.1%	14.7	0.8%	10.6%	3.8%
DCFTAs	24.7	1.3%	19.7%	-0.2%	19.0	1.0%	26.7%	3.4%
EFTA	206.2	11.0%	5.4%	3.9%	192.3	10.3%	1.7%	1.9%
EPAs (concluded)	25.9	1.4%	8.5%	3.6%	20.6	1.1%	28.5%	3.1%
EPAs (implemented)	16.2	0.9%	5.7%	3.8%	20.8	1.1%	4.3%	2.3%
Euromed	105.9	5.6%	0.7%	4.7%	66.9	3.6%	10.7%	1.1%
Mexico	37.9	2.0%	12.0%	6.1%	23.8	1.3%	19.6%	6.9%
Singapore	33.2	1.8%	5.3%	4.9%	20.1	1.1%	3.3%	0.9%
South Africa	24.5	1.3%	6.3%	1.8%	22.7	1.2%	-2.0%	0.3%
South Korea	49.7	2.6%	12.6%	7.2%	50.0	2.7%	20.1%	1.8%
Turkey	84.5	4.5%	8.4%	4.8%	69.8	3.8%	4.5%	3.9%
Vietnam	10.6	0.6%	11.8%	11.4%	37.0	2.0%	11.7%	16.7%
Western Balkans	29.3	1.6%	12.9%	4.8%	20.3	1.1%	14.1%	8.0%
Others implemented	5.1	0.3%	7.7%	3.4%	1.7	0.1%	9.0%	-4.5%
<b>FTA future</b>	<b>726.5</b>	<b>38.7%</b>	<b>3.7%</b>	<b>53.3%</b>	<b>567.4</b>	<b>30.5%</b>	<b>6.4%</b>	<b>20.7%</b>
Angola	3.9	0.2%	14.7%	-0.3%	2.3	0.1%	-44.2%	-5.6%
Australia	34.7	1.8%	6.9%	3.8%	13.0	0.7%	-0.8%	-0.3%
EPAs (future)	8.9	0.5%	-5.1%	2.8%	6.4	0.3%	-2.1%	0.1%
GCC	99.9	5.3%	-0.9%	5.0%	43.9	2.4%	15.2%	3.2%
India	41.7	2.2%	10.4%	3.6%	44.2	2.4%	12.4%	5.2%
Indonesia	10.1	0.5%	-3.3%	6.5%	16.7	0.9%	13.7%	2.7%
Japan	60.7	3.2%	4.6%	3.3%	68.9	3.7%	3.3%	-1.4%
Lybia	3.6	0.2%	5.7%	-1.5%	11.6	0.6%	137.8%	-8.2%
Malaysia	14.4	0.8%	9.1%	2.5%	25.0	1.3%	14.5%	3.3%
Mercosur	45.2	2.4%	4.5%	3.5%	43.7	2.3%	4.1%	-1.0%
Myanmar	0.5	0.0%	-4.5%	12.7%	1.6	0.1%	56.8%	19.4%
New Zealand	5.3	0.3%	12.7%	6.2%	3.4	0.2%	0.5%	1.1%
Philippines	6.6	0.4%	6.8%	5.2%	7.6	0.4%	12.7%	2.3%
Thailand	15.0	0.8%	10.6%	6.7%	22.3	1.2%	10.0%	2.9%
USA	375.9	20.0%	3.4%	3.8%	256.8	13.8%	2.5%	3.8%

CAGR (compound annual growth rate) is the rate at which the initial value had to grow every year in a time period to obtain the final value.

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).

## EU-28 FTA regions

- **Central America** includes Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama.
- **DCFTAs** includes Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine.
- **EFTA** includes Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.
- **EPAs (implemented)** includes :
  - West Africa: Ghana and Ivory Coast;
  - Cariforum: Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname and Trinidad and Tobago;
  - Eastern and Southern Africa (ESA): Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles and Zimbabwe;
  - Pacific: Fiji and Papua New Guinea;
  - Southern African Development Community (SADC): Botswana, Lesotho, Mozambique, Namibia and Swaziland;
  - Central Africa: Cameroon.
- **EPAs (concluded)** includes :
  - Cariforum: Haiti;
  - Eastern African Community (EAC): Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania and Uganda;
  - Eastern and Southern Africa: Comoros;
  - West Africa: Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo and Mauritania;
- **EuroMed** includes Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Occupied Palestinian Territories, Syria and Tunisia.
- **Western Balkans** includes Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Kosovo.
- **Others implemented includes:** Andorra, Armenia, Faroe Isles, Kyrgyz Republic, San Marino, Tadjikistan and Uzbekistan.
- **EPAs (future)** includes :
  - Central Africa: Chad, Central African Republic, Equatorial Guinea, Sao Tome and Principe, Gabon, Congo and the Democratic Republic of Congo;
  - Eastern and Southern Africa: Djibouti, Erithea, Ethiopia, Malawi, Sudan, Zambia;
  - Pacific: Cook Islands, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu.
- **Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)** includes Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and United Arab Emirates.
- **Mercosur** includes Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela.

The FTA classification was carried out according to the documents "Overview of Economic Partnership Agreements" and "Overview of FTA and Other Trade Negotiations" available in DG Trade's extranet and to the document "Trade agreements in force and under negotiation".



Preference utilisation rates (%)

Partner	Preference utilisation rates on imports into EU-28 from partners					Preference utilisation rates on imports into partners from EU-28				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Albania	88.5	87.7	87.5	86.1	86.3	:	72.9	76.4	79.8	:
Chile	93.2	93.8	95.2	95.2	95.4	78.3	77.9	75.7	73.9	76.6
Colombia	85.4	95.6	97.3	96.7	96.5	:	55.7	62.8	70.6	:
Costa Rica	89.2	96.0	95.9	96.7	96.0	:	18.0	:	37.8	:
Dominican Republic	75.5	80.8	91.9	93.1	88.8	:	51.0	47.4	49.5	:
Egypt	95.6	96.1	95.3	96.0	96.7	55.2	56.7	:	59.0	:
For.JRep.Macedonia	96.5	97.4	97.2	94.7	93.6	:	90.4	40.7	89.7	:
Israel	89.1	89.3	88.7	90.0	90.6	:	:	:	88.9	:
Kosovo	87.2	84.2	85.4	89.0	92.1	:	:	:	43.9	:
Lebanon	79.1	86.9	76.4	71.0	70.3	49.4	74.2	73.5	:	:
Mexico	66.8	60.7	52.1	57.8	70.5	:	77.3	76.3	85.1	:
Montenegro	83.2	85.0	80.8	82.7	90.0	85.6	85.7	85.4	85.4	:
Morocco	97.0	97.2	97.2	96.7	97.3	:	:	:	52.0	:
Peru	94.9	96.8	97.7	97.1	96.3	:	42.5	:	:	:
South Africa	90.6	91.2	84.6	75.9	80.5	29.0	66.2	61.2	63.1	:
South Korea	82.2	84.0	84.9	86.5	87.9	:	64.8	68.3	71.0	74.3
Switzerland	92.0	90.8	85.7	83.4	85.0	79.8	79.7	78.5	78.8	:
Turkey	91.7	92.5	92.8	92.5	92.0	:	:	:	95.3	:

(-) not available

Sources: Eurostat (EU-28 imports) , DG Trade calculations based on data from national customs administrations (partners imports)



# TRADE BY MEMBER STATE

## EU-28 trade in goods with extra EU-28 by Member State (billion EUR)

Member State	Exports by Member State of dispatch					Imports by Member State of arrival				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>EU-28</b>	<b>1 736.5</b>	<b>1 703.8</b>	<b>1 790.5</b>	<b>1 745.9</b>	<b>1 879.2</b>	<b>1 687.7</b>	<b>1 692.8</b>	<b>1 730.5</b>	<b>1 713.4</b>	<b>1 858.6</b>
Austria	39.5	40.4	41.2	40.3	42.9	32.3	31.8	32.7	31.3	35.4
Belgium	105.4	104.7	101.3	100.8	106.6	114.2	119.6	126.0	124.0	128.6
Bulgaria	8.9	8.3	8.0	8.1	8.9	10.4	10.0	9.4	8.8	10.8
Croatia	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.3	5.1	5.5	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.9
Cyprus	0.6	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.4	2.1	2.3	2.4	3.2
Czech Republic	23.1	23.4	23.8	24.0	26.0	25.2	26.3	29.0	26.8	31.2
Denmark	30.3	30.4	33.3	33.0	34.7	21.8	22.9	23.6	22.2	24.7
Estonia	3.6	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.8
Finland	25.1	23.9	22.2	21.4	24.3	19.7	18.4	14.7	14.8	17.6
France	177.6	174.3	187.8	183.8	195.0	165.4	164.6	163.0	159.7	167.2
Germany	469.4	476.4	503.0	499.7	532.1	314.3	313.8	326.0	321.4	350.9
Greece	14.4	14.0	11.9	11.1	13.4	24.8	25.0	20.5	20.0	24.2
Hungary	17.9	16.7	16.6	17.1	19.0	21.3	19.6	19.4	18.9	22.8
Ireland	37.6	41.1	52.3	58.9	59.4	18.0	20.4	23.5	25.3	27.2
Italy	180.4	180.0	186.3	183.9	199.0	160.8	153.0	153.1	144.3	159.8
Latvia	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	4.1	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.5	3.2
Lithuania	10.9	11.0	8.9	8.9	11.0	10.4	8.9	8.2	7.2	8.6
Luxembourg	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.2	4.2	4.0	5.8	4.5	3.4
Malta	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.0	1.3	1.9	1.8	2.5	1.9
Netherlands	123.1	122.1	124.7	124.0	143.5	238.4	240.3	250.1	241.4	272.9
Poland	38.6	37.4	37.1	37.4	41.6	48.5	51.1	51.9	49.7	58.6
Portugal	14.0	14.0	13.6	12.5	14.3	15.9	14.9	14.2	13.6	16.4
Romania	15.1	15.2	14.4	14.3	15.1	13.4	14.4	14.4	15.4	18.3
Slovakia	11.0	10.2	9.9	10.2	10.7	15.8	14.8	14.1	13.5	14.9
Slovenia	6.4	6.7	6.9	7.3	8.3	7.5	7.9	8.1	8.0	9.8
Spain	88.8	88.5	89.0	87.0	95.7	114.8	115.3	110.4	107.2	125.7
Sweden	53.4	51.5	52.4	51.5	55.4	37.7	38.1	37.5	36.6	39.5
United Kingdom	229.8	198.2	230.5	194.5	204.6	239.4	244.3	261.7	284.3	274.2

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



## EU-28 trade in services with extra EU-28 by Member State (billion EUR)

Member State	Exports					Imports				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<b>EU-28</b>	<b>687.2</b>	<b>723.4</b>	<b>768.5</b>	<b>847.5</b>	<b>844.9</b>	<b>519.8</b>	<b>543.7</b>	<b>604.3</b>	<b>705.1</b>	<b>711.8</b>
Austria	11.0	11.5	13.0	13.2	13.2	7.9	8.6	9.0	9.1	9.2
Belgium	27.5	27.2	29.9	32.2	32.0	19.0	19.1	21.9	24.2	23.1
Bulgaria	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.5
Croatia	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8
Cyprus	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.5	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.9
Czech Republic	6.1	5.4	5.6	6.7	7.1	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.5	5.2
Denmark	29.9	30.1	30.6	31.0	27.6	21.9	22.3	22.6	23.9	23.8
Estonia	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9
Finland	:	11.1	10.4	11.9	12.1	:	7.8	7.6	8.6	8.5
France	82.2	84.0	93.0	97.9	95.8	63.0	65.9	74.2	80.0	81.5
Germany	96.4	100.9	112.4	125.1	126.4	99.4	106.0	104.8	113.8	116.1
Greece	13.2	12.6	13.3	10.3	8.4	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.2	3.3
Hungary	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.8	6.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8
Ireland	36.6	41.2	47.2	58.9	71.3	46.7	48.7	63.6	97.6	130.5
Italy	39.5	39.3	39.3	39.3	39.2	34.0	33.4	33.4	33.5	34.5
Latvia	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8
Lithuania	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.5	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7
Luxembourg	16.8	19.3	21.7	25.5	24.7	17.3	21.0	23.8	25.4	23.6
Malta	6.1	6.4	5.8	6.0	6.6	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.7
Netherlands	61.5	64.4	67.6	80.4	66.1	52.2	54.3	76.8	104.4	83.2
Poland	9.6	10.3	11.3	12.4	13.7	5.5	5.7	6.1	6.4	6.5
Portugal	6.4	7.3	7.5	7.8	7.5	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.3
Romania	:	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.5	:	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.2
Slovakia	:	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	:	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2
Slovenia	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
Spain	:	34.6	37.3	39.4	42.4	:	16.6	18.0	20.0	20.4
Sweden	25.0	27.5	28.1	31.4	31.6	14.6	15.0	17.9	19.6	19.0
United Kingdom	149.3	164.1	167.7	190.0	189.2	76.1	81.1	86.8	100.2	93.9

(-) not available (confidential data).

Source : Eurostat (bop\_its6\_tot).



## Intra-EU trade in goods by Member State, 2017 (%)

Member State	Share of intra-EU exports in total exports	Share of intra-EU imports in total imports	Share of MS in total intra-EU exports	Share of MS in total intra-EU imports
EU-28	64.0	63.8	100.0	100.0
Austria	71.2	77.3	3.2	3.7
Belgium	72.0	64.3	8.2	7.1
Bulgaria	66.4	64.0	0.5	0.6
Croatia	63.9	77.7	0.3	0.5
Cyprus	38.2	59.9	0.0	0.1
Czech Republic	83.7	78.2	4.0	3.4
Denmark	61.8	70.0	1.7	1.8
Estonia	71.7	81.0	0.3	0.4
Finland	59.5	71.7	1.1	1.4
France	58.8	69.8	8.3	11.8
Germany	58.5	66.0	22.4	20.8
Greece	53.7	52.0	0.5	0.8
Hungary	81.1	76.0	2.4	2.2
Ireland	51.1	65.1	1.9	1.5
Italy	55.6	60.1	7.4	7.3
Latvia	66.7	78.6	0.2	0.4
Lithuania	58.2	70.2	0.5	0.6
Luxembourg	84.1	82.9	0.3	0.5
Malta	53.8	62.2	0.0	0.1
Netherlands	75.1	46.3	13.0	7.2
Poland	79.7	71.3	4.9	4.4
Portugal	74.1	76.2	1.2	1.6
Romania	75.8	75.8	1.4	1.7
Slovakia	85.7	79.8	1.9	1.8
Slovenia	75.7	69.3	0.8	0.7
Spain	66.3	59.5	5.6	5.6
Sweden	59.2	71.0	2.4	3.0
United Kingdom	47.6	51.9	5.6	9.0

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4).



## EU enterprises exporting to extra EU-28 by Member State, 2015 (number, export value, share in total)

Member State	Total exports		SMEs exports		Share of exporting SMEs to total exporting enterprises	
	Nb enterprises ('000)	Value (billion EUR)	Nb enterprises ('000)	Value (billion EUR)	Nb enterprises (%)	Value (%)
EU-28	792.3	1 788.1	657.2	531.1	82.9%	29.7%
Austria	16.6	41.2	15.7	14.8	94.4%	35.8%
Belgium	17.6	100.2	16.9	65.4	96.1%	65.3%
Bulgaria	8.1	8.0	7.2	3.1	89.3%	38.2%
Croatia	6.8	4.0	6.0	1.6	88.2%	39.4%
Cyprus	1.4	1.7	1.1	0.6	77.0%	34.6%
Czech Republic	15.8	23.9	10.2	4.6	64.8%	19.1%
Denmark	15.6	33.3	13.3	11.4	85.3%	34.1%
Estonia	5.1	2.9	2.9	2.1	56.2%	72.3%
Finland	7.4	22.1	6.8	7.0	92.6%	31.6%
France	83.8	187.3	66.9	28.9	79.8%	15.4%
Germany	144.4	503.0	82.7	79.0	57.3%	15.7%
Greece	12.2	11.8	10.4	4.5	84.8%	37.9%
Hungary	8.0	16.6	7.5	7.4	94.1%	44.7%
Ireland	4.1	52.6	3.6	18.7	88.4%	35.6%
Italy	138.0	186.3	123.2	91.0	89.3%	48.8%
Latvia	3.2	3.4	3.0	2.0	95.2%	60.3%
Lithuania	7.4	8.9	7.1	2.9	97.1%	32.6%
Luxembourg	1.2	2.4	0.9	0.7	77.6%	28.2%
Malta	0.7	1.3	0.7	0.6	95.5%	47.8%
Netherlands	27.4	123.9	25.4	45.9	92.7%	37.1%
Poland	35.3	37.1	32.8	9.7	92.8%	26.1%
Portugal	22.8	13.6	20.0	6.5	87.8%	48.1%
Romania	7.8	14.4	6.9	4.3	88.5%	29.7%
Slovakia	3.3	9.9	2.7	1.5	82.5%	15.1%
Slovenia	7.5	6.9	6.4	2.5	84.6%	35.6%
Spain	88.8	89.0	84.9	37.7	95.6%	42.4%
Sweden	29.9	52.4	28.2	15.6	94.1%	29.8%
United Kingdom	72.1	230.3	63.8	61.4	88.5%	26.7%

Coverage: extra-EU exports.

Source : Eurostat (international trade in goods statistics by enterprise characteristics-TEC).



## Brexit: EU trade in goods before and after (billion EUR, %)

Situation before Brexit (EU-28)				Exports			Imports			Total trade			Trade balance	
EU-28 trade in goods				Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017
Reporter	Partner													
	Extra EU-28	1 745.9	1 879.2	36.0%	1 713.4	1 858.6	36.2%	3 459.2	3 737.8	36.1%	32.5	20.5		
EU-28	Intra EU-28	3 114.4	3 344.9	64.0%	3 045.5	3 277.7	63.8%	6 159.9	6 622.6	63.9%	68.9	67.2		
	World	4 860.3	5 224.0	100.0%	4 758.9	5 136.3	100.0%	9 619.1	10 360.4	100.0%	101.4	87.7		

### EU-28 top 5 partners (extra EU-28)

Rank	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017
1	USA	375.9	20.0%	China	374.8	20.2%	USA	632.7	16.9%	USA	119.0
2	China	198.2	10.5%	USA	256.8	13.8%	China	573.0	15.3%	Switzerland	40.0
3	Switzerland	150.4	8.0%	Russia	145.1	7.8%	Switzerland	260.8	7.0%	UAE	32.6
4	Russia	86.2	4.6%	Switzerland	110.4	5.9%	Russia	231.3	6.2%	Hong Kong	25.6
5	Turkey	84.5	4.5%	Norway	77.4	4.2%	Turkey	154.3	4.1%	Australia	21.7

### Situation after Brexit (EU-27, UK)

#### EU-27 and UK trade in goods

Reporter	Partner	Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017	% total 2017	Value 2016	Value 2017
	Extra EU-27	1 866.7	1 995.0	41.3%	1 608.9	1 781.1	39.0%	3 475.6	3 776.1	40.2%	257.8	213.9
	UK	315.3	320.5	6.6%	179.8	196.7	4.3%	495.1	517.1	5.5%	135.5	123.8
EU-27	Rest of the World	1 551.4	1 674.5	34.6%	1 429.0	1 584.5	34.7%	2 980.4	3 259.0	34.7%	122.3	90.1
	Intra EU-27	2 623.5	2 838.3	58.7%	2 575.1	2 785.1	61.0%	5 198.6	5 623.4	59.8%	48.4	53.2
	World	4 490.2	4 833.3	100.0%	4 184.0	4 566.2	100.0%	8 674.2	9 399.5	100.0%	306.3	267.0
	Extra EU-27	194.5	204.6	52.4%	284.3	274.2	48.1%	478.8	478.8	49.8%	- 89.9	- 69.5
UK	EU-27	175.6	186.2	47.6%	290.6	295.9	51.9%	466.1	482.1	50.2%	- 115.0	- 109.8
	World	370.0	390.8	100.0%	574.9	570.1	100.0%	944.9	960.9	100.0%	- 204.9	- 179.3

#### EU-27 top 5 partners (extra EU-27)

Rank	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017
1	USA	323.8	16.2%	China	322.2	18.1%	USA	526.7	13.9%	UK	123.8
2	UK	320.5	16.1%	USA	202.9	11.4%	UK	517.1	13.7%	USA	120.9
3	China	179.2	9.0%	UK	196.7	11.0%	China	501.5	13.3%	Switzerland	34.0
4	Switzerland	132.8	6.7%	Russia	138.7	7.8%	Switzerland	231.6	6.1%	UAE	26.5
5	Russia	83.0	4.2%	Switzerland	98.8	5.5%	Russia	221.7	5.9%	Hong Kong	22.5

#### UK top 5 partners

Rank	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017	% total 2017	Partner	Value 2017
1	EU-27	186.2	47.6%	EU-27	295.9	51.9%	EU27	482.1	50.2%	UAE	6.0
2	USA	52.0	13.3%	USA	54.0	9.5%	USA	106.0	11.0%	Switzerland	6.0
3	China	18.9	4.8%	China	52.6	9.2%	China	71.6	7.4%	Hong Kong	3.1
4	Switzerland	17.6	4.5%	Norway	21.0	3.7%	Switzerland	29.2	3.0%	Singapore	3.0
5	UAE	8.5	2.2%	Canada	13.3	2.3%	Norway	24.4	2.5%	Saudi Arabia	2.4

Source : Eurostat (Comext, Statistical regime 4)



# SUPPORT STATISTICS

## GDP (current price, billion EUR)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>World</b>	42 404	43 324	43 259	49 755	52 561	58 013	57 673	59 212	67 083	68 195	70 696
Argentina	210	247	240	320	379	451	460	424	579	501	565
Australia	691	717	715	943	1 086	1 219	1 141	1 095	1 111	1 143	1 221
Brazil	1 019	1 152	1 196	1 665	1 878	1 918	1 861	1 848	1 622	1 620	1 819
Canada	1 069	1 053	983	1 217	1 285	1 420	1 387	1 354	1 406	1 387	1 463
China	2 606	3 130	3 672	4 576	5 404	6 671	7 255	7 930	10 118	10 138	10 635
India	904	832	979	1 289	1 310	1 423	1 398	1 535	1 895	2 054	2 311
Indonesia	343	380	414	570	641	715	690	671	776	842	899
Japan	3 295	3 425	3 751	4 300	4 423	4 828	3 882	3 651	3 961	4 471	4 313
Mexico	768	755	645	798	848	935	960	989	1 054	973	1 017
Russia	1 019	1 213	942	1 236	1 474	1 720	1 730	1 553	1 233	1 158	1 352
Saudi Arabia	303	353	308	397	482	573	562	569	590	583	605
South Africa	218	195	213	283	299	308	276	264	286	267	309
South Korea	819	681	647	826	864	952	983	1 062	1 246	1 275	1 361
Turkey	493	520	462	583	598	680	716	703	775	780	752
United States	10 564	10 007	10 337	11 288	11 148	12 574	12 568	13 118	16 332	16 826	17 164
<b>EU-28</b>	12 995	13 079	12 294	12 837	13 193	13 464	13 578	14 043	14 798	14 915	15 322
France	1 946	1 997	1 936	2 000	2 058	2 088	2 115	2 148	2 194	2 228	2 287
Germany	2 513	2 563	2 457	2 582	2 702	2 760	2 826	2 933	3 044	3 143	3 262
Italy	1 610	1 633	1 571	1 606	1 637	1 614	1 605	1 622	1 653	1 681	1 715
United Kingdom	2 244	1 986	1 714	1 843	1 883	2 072	2 064	2 277	2 601	2 404	2 323

Sources: IMF (World Economic Outlook, April 2018), EUR/USD exchange rate from Eurostat.

## GDP per capita (PPP)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	11 677	12 213	12 179	12 839	13 552	14 086	14 679	15 248	15 697	16 217	:
Argentina	17 129	17 995	16 893	18 529	19 817	19 750	20 322	19 947	20 492	20 156	20 876
Australia	39 487	40 461	40 781	41 675	43 016	44 692	45 640	46 968	47 962	49 096	50 334
Brazil	12 605	13 360	13 305	14 338	15 070	15 499	16 079	16 309	15 769	15 295	15 603
Canada	39 202	39 944	38 615	39 844	41 524	42 537	43 787	45 345	45 885	46 606	48 265
China	6 821	7 583	8 303	9 252	10 290	11 252	12 265	13 327	14 330	15 397	16 660
India	3 574	3 731	4 020	4 425	4 750	5 034	5 371	5 797	6 255	6 697	7 183
Indonesia	7 070	7 637	7 943	8 433	8 974	9 554	10 108	10 662	11 157	11 719	12 377
Japan	34 641	34 952	33 347	35 157	35 775	37 060	38 478	39 381	40 392	41 297	42 832
Mexico	15 713	15 984	15 044	15 811	16 522	17 235	17 549	18 170	18 765	19 356	19 903
Russia	21 473	23 054	21 411	22 639	24 259	25 592	26 440	27 072	26 658	26 930	27 834
Saudi Arabia	43 051	45 109	43 057	44 163	48 288	50 384	51 167	52 639	54 956	55 292	54 777
South Africa	11 302	11 735	11 486	11 816	12 281	12 600	12 930	13 204	13 311	13 345	13 545
South Korea	26 394	27 464	27 725	29 738	31 229	32 362	33 684	35 212	36 395	37 730	39 434
Turkey	16 280	16 522	15 636	16 900	18 909	19 938	21 683	22 905	24 236	24 986	26 893
United States	47 955	48 302	46 909	48 311	49 736	51 404	52 737	54 657	56 411	57 559	59 501
EU-28	33 283	34 033	32 722	33 709	34 921	35 348	35 950	37 163	38 328	39 486	41 175
France	36 725	37 313	36 297	37 284	38 657	39 251	39 912	40 802	41 508	42 367	43 761
Germany	39 347	40 561	38 730	40 851	43 249	44 266	45 127	46 628	47 430	48 532	50 425
Italy	35 856	35 872	33 925	34 767	35 544	35 052	34 805	35 311	36 026	36 877	38 140
United Kingdom	36 576	36 814	35 291	36 038	37 007	37 995	39 154	40 762	41 839	42 839	44 118

PPP: current international USD.

(-) not available

Sources: IMF (World Economic Outlook, April 2018), World Bank WDI.



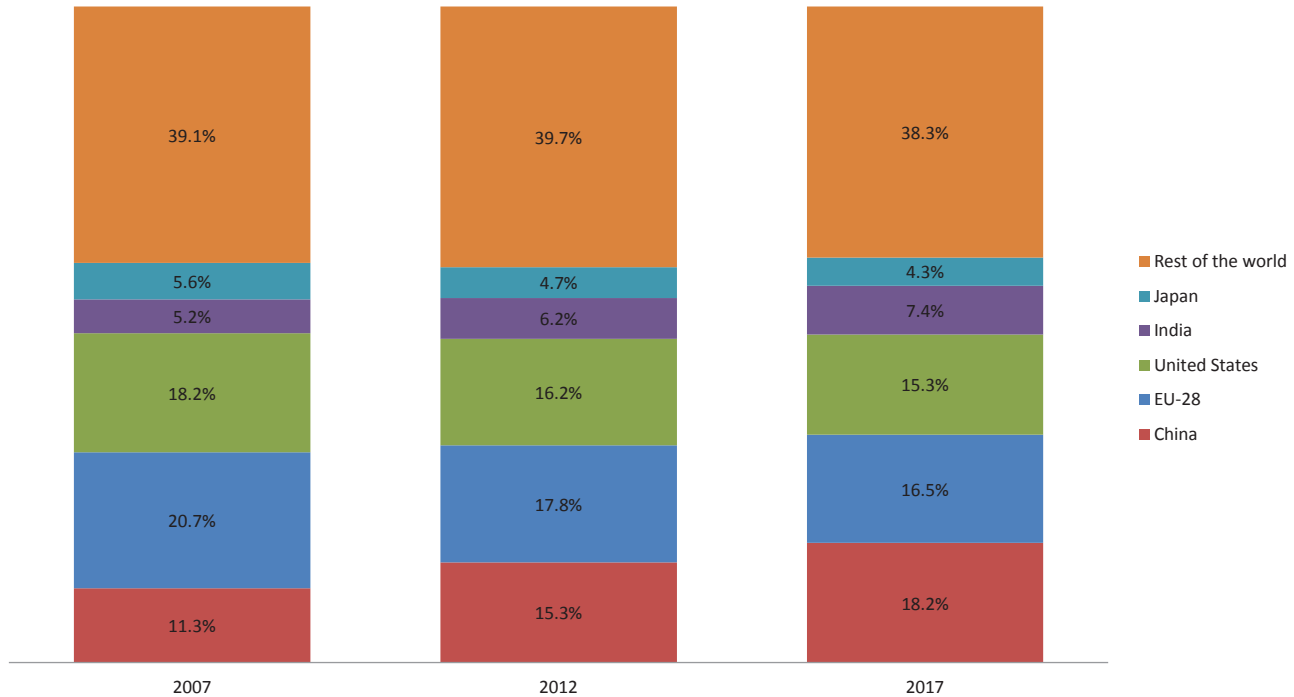
## Share in world GDP (PPP, %)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Argentina	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
Australia	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Brazil	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.6
Canada	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
China	11.3	12.0	13.2	13.9	14.6	15.3	15.9	16.5	17.1	17.7	18.2
India	5.2	5.2	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.0	7.2	7.4
Indonesia	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6
Japan	5.6	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3
Mexico	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9
Russia	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2
Saudi Arabia	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
South Africa	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
South Korea	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Turkey	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
United States	18.2	17.6	17.2	16.7	16.3	16.2	15.9	15.8	15.7	15.5	15.3
EU-28	20.7	20.3	19.5	18.9	18.5	17.8	17.3	17.0	16.9	16.7	16.5
France	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2
Germany	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3
Italy	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8
United Kingdom	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3

PPP: current international USD.

Source: IMF (World Economic Outlook, April 2018).

Share in world GDP of selected countries (PPP, %)



PPP: current international USD.

Source : IMF (World Economic Outlook, April 2018).



## Euro exchange rates with main national currencies (units of national currency per euro)

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Argentine peso	4.2715	4.6398	5.2112	5.1856	5.744	5.8382	7.2743	10.767	10.2528	16.3401	18.7417
Australian dollar	1.6348	1.7416	1.7727	1.4423	1.3484	1.2407	1.3777	1.4719	1.4777	1.4883	1.4732
Brazilian real	2.6633	2.6737	2.7674	2.3314	2.3265	2.5084	2.8687	3.1211	3.7004	3.8561	3.6054
Canadian dollar	1.4678	1.5594	1.585	1.3651	1.3761	1.2842	1.3684	1.4661	1.4186	1.4659	1.4647
Chinese renminbi-yuan	10.4178	10.2236	9.5277	8.9712	8.996	8.1052	8.1646	8.1857	6.9733	7.3522	7.629
Indian rupee	56.4186	63.6143	67.3611	60.5878	64.8859	68.5973	77.93	81.0406	71.1956	74.3717	73.5324
Japanese yen	161.25	152.45	130.34	116.24	110.96	102.49	129.66	140.31	134.31	120.2	126.71
Mexican peso	14.9743	16.2911	18.7989	16.7373	17.2877	16.9029	16.9641	17.655	17.6157	20.6673	21.3286
Pound sterling	0.68434	0.79628	0.89094	0.85784	0.86788	0.81087	0.84926	0.80612	0.72584	0.81948	0.87667
Russian rouble	35.0183	36.4207	44.1376	40.2629	40.8846	39.9262	42.337	50.9518	68.072	74.1446	65.9383
South African rand	9.6596	12.059	11.6737	9.6984	10.097	10.5511	12.833	14.4037	14.1723	16.2645	15.049
South Korean won	1272.99	1606.09	1772.9	1531.82	1541.23	1447.69	1453.91	1398.14	1256.54	1284.18	1276.74
Swiss franc	1.6427	1.5874	1.51	1.3803	1.2326	1.2053	1.2311	1.2146	1.0679	1.0902	1.1117
Turkish lira	1.7865	1.9064	2.1631	1.9965	2.3378	2.3135	2.5335	2.9065	3.0255	3.3433	4.1206
US dollar	1.3705	1.4708	1.3948	1.3257	1.392	1.2848	1.3281	1.3285	1.1095	1.1069	1.1297

Source : Eurostat (ert\_bil\_eur\_a).



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