

**COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2016/1382****of 16 August 2016**

**withdrawing the acceptance of the undertaking for five exporting producers under Implementing Decision 2013/707/EU confirming the acceptance of an undertaking offered in connection with the anti-dumping and anti-subsidy proceedings concerning imports of crystalline silicon photovoltaic modules and key components (i.e. cells) originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China for the period of application of definitive measures**

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2016/1036 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on protection against dumped imports from countries not members of the European Union <sup>(1)</sup> ('the basic anti-dumping Regulation'), and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2016/1037 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on protection against subsidised imports from countries not members of the European Union <sup>(2)</sup> ('the basic anti-subsidy Regulation'), and in particular Article 13 thereof,

Informing the Member States,

Whereas:

**A. UNDERTAKING AND OTHER EXISTING MEASURES**

- (1) By Regulation (EU) No 513/2013 <sup>(3)</sup>, the European Commission ('the Commission') imposed a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports into the European Union ('the Union') of crystalline silicon photovoltaic modules ('modules') and key components (i.e. cells and wafers) originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China ('the PRC').
- (2) A group of exporting producers gave a mandate to the China Chamber of Commerce for Import and Export of Machinery and Electronic Products ('CCCME') to submit a price undertaking on their behalf to the Commission, which they did. It is clear from the terms of that price undertaking that it constitutes a bundle of individual price undertakings for each exporting producer, which is, for reasons of practicality of administration, coordinated by the CCCME.
- (3) By Decision 2013/423/EU <sup>(4)</sup>, the Commission accepted that price undertaking with regard to the provisional anti-dumping duty. By Regulation (EU) No 748/2013 <sup>(5)</sup>, the Commission amended Regulation (EU) No 513/2013 to introduce the technical changes necessary due to the acceptance of the undertaking with regard to the provisional anti-dumping duty.
- (4) By Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1238/2013 <sup>(6)</sup>, the Council imposed a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports into the Union of modules and cells originating in or consigned from the PRC ('the products concerned'). By Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1239/2013 <sup>(7)</sup>, the Council also imposed a definitive countervailing duty on imports into the Union of the products concerned.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 176, 30.6.2016, p. 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 176, 30.6.2016, p. 55.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 152, 5.6.2013, p. 5.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 209, 3.8.2013, p. 26.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 209, 3.8.2013, p. 1.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L 325, 5.12.2013, p. 1.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ L 325, 5.12.2013, p. 66.

- (5) Following the notification of an amended version of the price undertaking by a group of exporting producers ('the exporting producers') together with the CCCME, the Commission confirmed by Implementing Decision 2013/707/EU <sup>(1)</sup> the acceptance of the price undertaking as amended ('the undertaking') for the period of application of definitive measures. The Annex to this Decision lists the exporting producers for whom the undertaking was accepted, inter alia:
- (a) Delsolar (Wujiang) Ltd together with its related company in the Union, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B792 ('Delsolar');
  - (b) CNPV Dongying Solar Power Co. Ltd covered by the TARIC additional code: B813 ('CNPV');
  - (c) MOTECH (Suzhou) RENEWABLE ENERGY CO. LTD covered by the TARIC additional code: B852 ('MOTECH');
  - (d) Xi'an LONGi Silicon Materials Corp. and Wuxi LONGi Silicon Materials Co. Ltd, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B897 ('Xi'an LONGi'); and
  - (e) LERRI Solar Technology (Zhejiang) Co. Ltd together with its related company in the Union, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B898 ('LERRI Solar').
- (6) By Implementing Decision 2014/657/EU <sup>(2)</sup> the Commission accepted a proposal by the exporting producers together with the CCCME for clarifications concerning the implementation of the undertaking for the products concerned covered by the undertaking, that is modules and cells originating in or consigned from the PRC, currently falling within CN codes ex 8541 40 90 (TARIC codes 8541 40 90 21, 8541 40 90 29, 8541 40 90 31 and 8541 40 90 39) produced by the exporting producers ('product covered'). The anti-dumping and countervailing duties referred to in recital 4 above, together with the undertaking, are jointly referred to as 'measures'.
- (7) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/866 <sup>(3)</sup> the Commission withdrew the acceptance of the undertaking for three exporting producers.
- (8) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/1403 <sup>(4)</sup> the Commission withdrew the acceptance of the undertaking for another exporting producer.
- (9) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2018 <sup>(5)</sup> the Commission withdrew the acceptance of the undertaking for two exporting producers.
- (10) The Commission initiated an expiry review investigation under Article 11(2) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation by a Notice of Initiation published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* <sup>(6)</sup> on 5 December 2015.
- (11) The Commission initiated an expiry review investigation under Article 18 of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation by a Notice of Initiation published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* <sup>(7)</sup> on 5 December 2015.
- (12) The Commission also initiated a partial interim review under Article 11(3) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation and Article 19 of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation by a Notice of Initiation published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* <sup>(8)</sup> on 5 December 2015.
- (13) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/115 <sup>(9)</sup> the Commission withdrew the acceptance of the undertaking for another exporting producer.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 325, 5.12.2013, p. 214.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 270, 11.9.2014, p. 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 139, 5.6.2015, p. 30.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 218, 19.8.2015, p. 1.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ L 295, 12.11.2015, p. 23.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ C 405, 5.12.2015, p. 8.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ C 405, 5.12.2015, p. 20.

<sup>(8)</sup> OJ C 405, 5.12.2015, p. 33.

<sup>(9)</sup> OJ L 23, 29.1.2016, p. 47.

- (14) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/185 <sup>(1)</sup>, the Commission extended the definitive anti-dumping duty imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1238/2013 on imports of the products concerned originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China to imports of the product concerned consigned from Malaysia and Taiwan, whether declared as originating in Malaysia and in Taiwan or not.
- (15) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/184 <sup>(2)</sup>, the Commission extended the definitive countervailing duty imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1239/2013 on imports of the products concerned originating in or consigned from the People's Republic of China to imports of the product concerned consigned from Malaysia and Taiwan, whether declared as originating in Malaysia and in Taiwan or not.
- (16) By Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1045 <sup>(3)</sup> the Commission withdrew the acceptance of the undertaking for another exporting producer.

#### **B. TERMS OF THE UNDERTAKING THAT ALLOW FOR WITHDRAWAL IN THE ABSENCE OF A BREACH**

- (17) The undertaking stipulates that the Commission may withdraw the acceptance of the undertaking during its period of application, if monitoring and enforcement prove to be impracticable, including any change in circumstances.
- (18) In addition, any exporting producer may also voluntarily withdraw its undertaking at any time during its application.

#### **C. GROUNDS TO WITHDRAW THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE UNDERTAKING FOR DELSOLAR AND MOTECH**

- (19) Both Delsolar and MOTECH have a related party in Taiwan that were granted exemption in the anti-circumvention investigations referred to in recitals 14 and 15.
- (20) The Commission analysed the implication of these exemptions on the practicability of the undertaking. The exemptions represent a change in circumstances compared to those at the time of accepting the undertaking. Their objective is to exempt imports into the Union of the products concerned which were manufactured by the related parties of Delsolar and MOTECH in Taiwan. Such imports fall outside the scope of the undertaking.
- (21) The Commission considers that this exemption for imports into the Union creates a high risk of cross-compensation. In fact, the related parties exempted in the anti-circumvention investigation may sell the product concerned to the same Union customers to whom the product covered is sold and the prices for such transactions could be set in a way to compensate for the Minimum Import Price under the undertaking. The Commission is not in a position to monitor the sales to the same Union customers under the undertaking and from Taiwan.
- (22) Therefore, the Commission concluded that the above exemptions render the monitoring of Delsolar's and MOTECH's undertaking impracticable.

#### **D. VOLUNTARY WITHDRAWAL BY LERRI SOLAR, XI'AN LONGi AND CNPV**

- (23) LERRI Solar notified the Commission in March 2016 that it wished to withdraw from the undertaking.
- (24) Xi'an LONGi and CNPV notified the Commission in May 2016 that they wished to withdraw from the undertaking as well.

#### **E. WRITTEN SUBMISSIONS AND HEARINGS**

- (25) Interested parties were granted the opportunity to be heard and to comment pursuant to Article 8(9) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation and Article 13(9) of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation. Delsolar and MOTECH submitted comments.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 37, 12.2.2016, p. 76.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ L 37, 12.2.2016, p. 56.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ L 170, 29.6.2016, p. 5.

(i) *Delsolar*

- (26) Delsolar contested that the exemption granted to its Taiwanese related party represents a change in circumstances. Delsolar notified the Commission on the merger with the Taiwanese company in the original investigations referred to in recital 4 which the Commission did not object. As the product concerned produced by Delsolar's Taiwanese related party has neither before nor after the anti-circumvention investigations been subject to the measures, the situation does not differ from the one that existed prior to the anti-circumvention investigations.
- (27) The Commission cannot accept this argument.
- (28) First of all, the Commission recalls that the market share of imports from third countries excluding the PRC into the Union was 6,8 % of the Union market during the investigation period. In particular, the market share of imports from Taiwan was 0,8 % (Table 12 of Regulation (EU) No 513/2013). It follows from those figures that the exports from the existing production facilities of companies producing in Taiwan and related to Chinese companies having offered the undertaking were marginal.
- (29) However, as a result of the granting of the exemptions under Article 13(4) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation and Article 23(6) of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation, it can be expected that Delsolar's Taiwanese related party will export significant volumes of modules and cells to the Union.
- (30) The decision to withdraw the acceptance of the undertaking is due to risk of cross-compensation that the Commission cannot monitor. The issue of whether goods produced in third country facilities are subject to measures is not relevant in the assessment of monitoring risks. The exemption concerns the imports of the product concerned manufactured by Delsolar's Taiwanese related party that are specifically destined to the Union market. Therefore, it creates a high risk of cross-compensation. The assessment of monitoring risks is also case specific and might evolve during the lifetime of the undertaking, as certain risks materialize, new risks emerge and the Commission can better assess the practical aspects of case-specific monitoring. Again, in this relation, it is irrelevant whether the imports prior to the anti-circumvention investigation were subject to the measures.
- (31) Delsolar also claimed that the mere exemption of its related Taiwanese party does not warrant the conclusion that the monitoring of Delsolar's undertaking becomes impracticable. In Delsolar's view, the increased risk of cross-compensation is purely hypothetical. As the undertaking prohibits sales to the same customers, any violation could lead to the withdrawal of Delsolar's undertaking. In this regard, Delsolar stated that it does not sell the product covered to the same customer to whom its Taiwanese related party sells the product concerned. The compliance can be verified by on-spot visits at the premises of Delsolar and its Taiwanese related party. In addition, Delsolar claimed that the Commission, in the anti-circumvention investigations referred to in recitals 14 and 15, considered its Taiwanese related party as a genuine producer not circumventing the measures. Hence, any allegation on the potential risk of cross-compensation is purely speculative.
- (32) The Commission rejects this argument. The anti-circumvention investigations referred to in recitals 14 and 15 established that Delsolar's Taiwanese related part did not engage in circumvention practices in the meaning of Article 13 of basic anti-dumping Regulation and Article 23 of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation. However, the scope of those investigations did not include considering the risks related to Delsolar's undertaking. Neither those findings imply that no circumvention of the undertaking in the meaning of price cross-compensation took place. On the contrary, the exemption granted to the Delsolar's Taiwanese related party increases significantly the circumvention risks related to Delsolar's undertaking. Such exemption implies specific intention to sell to the Union. Hence, it would require the Commission to monitor the sales both under the undertaking and from Taiwan. This renders the monitoring of Delsolar's undertaking impractical. The Commission also recalls in this regard that the monitoring of the undertaking has increasingly become more difficult during its implementation, in particular with regard to the circumvention practices found in Malaysia and Taiwan. The Commission is not in position to monitor the sales from Taiwan that fall outside the scope of the undertaking. In addition, the Commission recalls that it offered options to Delsolar to keep its undertaking practicable, which Delsolar refused to consider.
- (33) Finally, Delsolar submitted that its situation is comparable to any other company party to the undertaking that has related companies with production facilities in countries not subject to the measures. Hence, the mere existence of the relationship does not *per se* render the monitoring of the undertaking impracticable.
- (34) The Commission rejects this argument and recalls its reasoning set out in recitals 27 and 29.

## (ii) MOTECH

- (35) Similarly to Delsolar, MOTECH argued that the relationship to its Taiwanese related party was known to the Commission during the original investigations referred to in recital 4. By accepting the undertaking from MOTECH, the Commission confirmed that no circumvention existed.
- (36) First of all, the Commission refers in that regard to the rejection of the similar arguments made by Delsolar.
- (37) Furthermore, the Commission also rejects this argument for the following reasons. At the time of the acceptance of the undertaking the Commission indeed conducts an overall analysis of monitoring risks. The acceptance *per se* does not imply that no circumvention exists. The Commission considers that the exemption granted to MOTECH's Taiwanese related party increases the risk of cross-compensation as referred to in recital 21. The Commission recalls in this regard that the monitoring of the undertaking has increasingly become more difficult during its implementation, in particular with regard to the circumvention practices found in Malaysia and Taiwan. The Commission is not in position to monitor the sales to the same Union customers under the undertaking and those from Taiwan.
- (38) MOTECH also submitted that by granting exemption to its Taiwanese related party, the Commission confirmed that no circumvention and cross-compensation exist in relation to MOTECH and its Taiwanese related party. The Commission could monitor the imports from MOTECH and its Taiwanese related party as both companies import into the Union under separate TARIC additional codes.
- (39) The Commission rejects this argument. The exemption granted in the anti-circumvention investigations referred to in recitals 14 and 15 confirms that MOTECH's Taiwanese related party was not found to be engaged in circumvention practices. However, this finding is irrelevant to the assessment on the practicability of the undertaking set out in recitals 21 and 22. The Commission analysed the implication of this exemption and concluded the risk of cross-compensation has increased. The Commission also took into account the experience gained during the monitoring of the undertaking when concluded that it is not in position to monitor the sales to the same Union customers under the undertaking and from Taiwan.

**F. WITHDRAWAL OF THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE UNDERTAKING AND IMPOSITIONS OF DEFINITIVE DUTIES**

- (40) Therefore, in accordance with Article 8(9) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation, Article 13(9) of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation and also in accordance with the terms of the undertaking, the Commission has concluded that the acceptance of the undertaking for Delsolar, CNPV, MOTECH, Xi'an LONGi and LERRI Solar together with their related companies in the Union shall be withdrawn.
- (41) Accordingly, pursuant to Article 8(9) of the basic anti-dumping Regulation and Article 13(9) of the basic anti-subsidy Regulation, the definitive anti-dumping duty imposed by Article 1 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1238/2013 and the definitive countervailing duty imposed by Article 1 of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1239/2013 automatically apply to imports originating in or consigned from the PRC of the product concerned and produced by Delsolar (TARIC additional code: B792), CNPV (TARIC additional code: B813), MOTECH (TARIC additional code: B852), Xi'an LONGi (TARIC additional code: B897) and LERRI Solar (TARIC additional code: B898) as of the day of entry into force of this Regulation.
- (42) For information purposes the table in the Annex to this Regulation lists the exporting producers for whom the acceptance of the undertaking by Implementing Decision 2013/707/EU is not affected,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

Acceptance of the undertaking in relation to

- (a) Delsolar (Wujiang) Ltd together with its related company in the Union, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B792;

- (b) CNPV Dongying Solar Power Co. Ltd covered by the TARIC additional code: B813;
- (c) MOTTECH (Suzhou) RENEWABLE ENERGY CO. LTD covered by the TARIC additional code: B852;
- (d) Xi'an LONGi Silicon Materials Corp. and Wuxi LONGi Silicon Materials Co. Ltd, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B897; and
- (e) LERRI Solar Technology (Zhejiang) Co. Ltd together with its related company in the Union, jointly covered by the TARIC additional code: B898

is hereby withdrawn.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 August 2016.

*For the Commission*  
*The President*  
Jean-Claude JUNCKER

\_\_\_\_\_

## ANNEX

List of companies:

| Name of the company  | TARIC additional code |
|--|-----------------------|
| Jiangsu Aide Solar Energy Technology Co. Ltd   | B798                  |
| Alternative Energy (AE) Solar Co. Ltd  | B799                  |
| Anhui Chaoqun Power Co. Ltd  | B800                  |
| Anji DaSol Solar Energy Science & Technology Co. Ltd   | B802                  |
| Anhui Schutten Solar Energy Co. Ltd<br>Quanjiao Jingkun Trade Co. Ltd  | B801                  |
| Anhui Titan PV Co. Ltd   | B803                  |
| Xi'an SunOasis (Prime) Company Limited<br>TBEA SOLAR CO. LTD<br>XINJIANG SANG'O SOLAR EQUIPMENT  | B804                  |
| Changzhou NESL Solartech Co. Ltd   | B806                  |
| Changzhou Shangyou Lianyi Electronic Co. Ltd   | B807                  |
| CHINALAND SOLAR ENERGY CO. LTD   | B808                  |
| ChangZhou EGing Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd  | B811                  |
| CIXI CITY RIXING ELECTRONICS CO. LTD<br>ANHUI RINENG ZHONGTIAN SEMICONDUCTOR DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD<br>HUOSHAN KEBO ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD   | B812                  |
| CSG PVtech Co. Ltd   | B814                  |
| China Sunergy (Nanjing) Co. Ltd<br>CEEG Nanjing Renewable Energy Co. Ltd<br>CEEG (Shanghai) Solar Science Technology Co. Ltd<br>China Sunergy (Yangzhou) Co. Ltd<br>China Sunergy (Shanghai) Co. Ltd | B809                  |
| Dongfang Electric (Yixing) MAGI Solar Power Technology Co. Ltd   | B816                  |
| EOPLLY New Energy Technology Co. Ltd<br>SHANGHAI EBEST SOLAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD<br>JIANGSU EOPLLY IMPORT & EXPORT CO. LTD   | B817                  |
| Era Solar Co. Ltd  | B818                  |
| GD Solar Co. Ltd   | B820                  |
| Greenway Solar-Tech (Shanghai) Co. Ltd<br>Greenway Solar-Tech (Huaian) Co. Ltd   | B821                  |

| Name of the company  | TARIC additional code |
|--|-----------------------|
| Konca Solar Cell Co. Ltd<br>Suzhou GCL Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>Jiangsu GCL Silicon Material Technology Development Co. Ltd<br>Jiangsu Zhongneng Polysilicon Technology Development Co. Ltd<br>GCL-Poly (Suzhou) Energy Limited<br>GCL-Poly Solar Power System Integration (Taicang) Co. Ltd<br>GCL SOLAR POWER (SUZHOU) LIMITED | B850                  |
| Guodian Jintech Solar Energy Co. Ltd   | B822                  |
| Hangzhou Bluesun New Material Co. Ltd  | B824                  |
| Hanwha SolarOne (Qidong) Co. Ltd   | B826                  |
| Hengdian Group DMEGC Magnetics Co. Ltd   | B827                  |
| HENGJI PV-TECH ENERGY CO. LTD  | B828                  |
| Himin Clean Energy Holdings Co. Ltd  | B829                  |
| Jetion Solar (China) Co. Ltd<br>Junfeng Solar (Jiangsu) Co. Ltd<br>Jetion Solar (Jiangyin) Co. Ltd   | B830                  |
| Jiangsu Green Power PV Co. Ltd   | B831                  |
| Jiangsu Hosun Solar Power Co. Ltd  | B832                  |
| Jiangsu Jiasheng Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd   | B833                  |
| Jiangsu Runda PV Co. Ltd   | B834                  |
| Jiangsu Sainty Photovoltaic Systems Co. Ltd<br>Jiangsu Sainty Machinery Imp. And Exp. Corp. Ltd  | B835                  |
| Jiangsu Seraphim Solar System Co. Ltd  | B836                  |
| Jiangsu Shunfeng Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>Changzhou Shunfeng Photovoltaic Materials Co. Ltd<br>Jiangsu Shunfeng Photovoltaic Electronic Power Co. Ltd  | B837                  |
| Jiangsu Sinski PV Co. Ltd  | B838                  |
| Jiangsu Sunlink PV Technology Co. Ltd  | B839                  |
| Jiangsu Zhongchao Solar Technology Co. Ltd   | B840                  |
| Jiangxi Risun Solar Energy Co. Ltd   | B841                  |
| Jiangxi LDK Solar Hi-Tech Co. Ltd<br>LDK Solar Hi-Tech (Nanchang) Co. Ltd<br>LDK Solar Hi-Tech (Suzhou) Co. Ltd  | B793                  |



| Name of the company   | TARIC additional code |
|---|-----------------------|
| Jiangyin Hareon Power Co. Ltd<br>Hareon Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>Taicang Hareon Solar Co. Ltd<br>Hefei Hareon Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>Jiangyin Xinhui Solar Energy Co. Ltd<br>Altusvia Energy (Taicang) Co. Ltd        | B842                  |
| Jiangyin Shine Science and Technology Co. Ltd   | B843                  |
| JingAo Solar Co. Ltd<br>Shanghai JA Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>JA Solar Technology Yangzhou Co. Ltd<br>Hefei JA Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>Shanghai JA Solar PV Technology Co. Ltd  | B794                  |
| Jinko Solar Co. Ltd<br>Jinko Solar Import and Export Co. Ltd<br>ZHEJIANG JINKO SOLAR CO. LTD<br>ZHEJIANG JINKO SOLAR TRADING CO. LTD  | B845                  |
| Jinzhou Yangguang Energy Co. Ltd<br>Jinzhou Huachang Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>Jinzhou Jinmao Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>Jinzhou Rixin Silicon Materials Co. Ltd<br>Jinzhou Youhua Silicon Materials Co. Ltd | B795                  |
| Juli New Energy Co. Ltd   | B846                  |
| Jumao Photonic (Xiamen) Co. Ltd   | B847                  |
| King-PV Technology Co. Ltd  | B848                  |
| Kinve Solar Power Co. Ltd (Maanshan)  | B849                  |
| Lightway Green New Energy Co. Ltd<br>Lightway Green New Energy(Zhuozhou) Co. Ltd  | B851                  |
| Nanjing Daqo New Energy Co. Ltd   | B853                  |
| NICE SUN PV CO. LTD<br>LEVO SOLAR TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD  | B854                  |
| Ningbo Huashun Solar Energy Technology Co. Ltd  | B856                  |
| Ningbo Jinshi Solar Electrical Science & Technology Co. Ltd   | B857                  |
| Ningbo Komaes Solar Technology Co. Ltd  | B858                  |
| Ningbo Osda Solar Co. Ltd   | B859                  |

| Name of the company  | TARIC additional code |
|--|-----------------------|
| Ningbo Qixin Solar Electrical Appliance Co. Ltd  | B860                  |
| Ningbo South New Energy Technology Co. Ltd   | B861                  |
| Ningbo Sunbe Electric Ind Co. Ltd  | B862                  |
| Ningbo Ulica Solar Science & Technology Co. Ltd  | B863                  |
| Perfectenergy (Shanghai) Co. Ltd   | B864                  |
| Perlight Solar Co. Ltd   | B865                  |
| Phono Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>Sumec Hardware & Tools Co. Ltd   | B866                  |
| RISEN ENERGY CO. LTD   | B868                  |
| SHANDONG LINUO PHOTOVOLTAIC HI-TECH CO. LTD  | B869                  |
| SHANGHAI ALEX SOLAR ENERGY SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD<br>SHANGHAI ALEX NEW ENERGY CO. LTD                                      | B870                  |
| Shanghai BYD Co. Ltd<br>BYD(Shangluo)Industrial Co. Ltd  | B871                  |
| Shanghai Chaori Solar Energy Science & Technology Co. Ltd<br>Shanghai Chaori International Trading Co. Ltd                       | B872                  |
| Propsolar (Zhejiang) New Energy Technology Co. Ltd<br>Shanghai Propsolar New Energy Co. Ltd                                      | B873                  |
| SHANGHAI SHANGHONG ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD   | B874                  |
| SHANGHAI SOLAR ENERGY S&T CO. LTD<br>Shanghai Shenzhou New Energy Development Co. Ltd<br>Lianyungang Shenzhou New Energy Co. Ltd | B875                  |
| Shanghai ST Solar Co. Ltd<br>Jiangsu ST Solar Co. Ltd  | B876                  |
| Shenzhen Sacred Industry Co.Ltd  | B878                  |
| Shenzhen Topray Solar Co. Ltd<br>Shanxi Topray Solar Co. Ltd<br>Leshan Topray Cell Co. Ltd                                       | B880                  |
| Sopray Energy Co. Ltd<br>Shanghai Sopray New Energy Co. Ltd  | B881                  |
| SUN EARTH SOLAR POWER CO. LTD<br>NINGBO SUN EARTH SOLAR POWER CO. LTD<br>Ningbo Sun Earth Solar Energy Co. Ltd                   | B882                  |

| Name of the company  | TARIC additional code |
|--|-----------------------|
| SUZHOU SHENGLONG PV-TECH CO. LTD   | B883                  |
| TDG Holding Co. Ltd  | B884                  |
| Tianwei New Energy Holdings Co. Ltd<br>Tianwei New Energy (Chengdu) PV Module Co. Ltd<br>Tianwei New Energy (Yangzhou) Co. Ltd   | B885                  |
| Wenzhou Jingri Electrical and Mechanical Co. Ltd   | B886                  |
| Shanghai Topsolar Green Energy Co. Ltd   | B877                  |
| Shenzhen Sungold Solar Co. Ltd   | B879                  |
| Wuhu Zhongfu PV Co. Ltd  | B889                  |
| Wuxi Saijing Solar Co. Ltd   | B890                  |
| Wuxi Shangpin Solar Energy Science and Technology Co. Ltd  | B891                  |
| Wuxi Solar Innova PV Co. Ltd   | B892                  |
| Wuxi Suntech Power Co. Ltd<br>Suntech Power Co. Ltd<br>Wuxi Sunshine Power Co. Ltd<br>Luoyang Suntech Power Co. Ltd<br>Zhenjiang Rietech New Energy Science Technology Co. Ltd<br>Zhenjiang Ren De New Energy Science Technology Co. Ltd   | B796                  |
| Wuxi Taichang Electronic Co. Ltd<br>Wuxi Machinery & Equipment Import & Export Co. Ltd<br>Wuxi Taichen Machinery & Equipment Co. Ltd   | B893                  |
| Xi'an Huanghe Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>State-run Huanghe Machine-Building Factory Import and Export Corporation<br>Shanghai Huanghe Fengjia Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd  | B896                  |
| Yingli Energy (China) Co. Ltd<br>Baoding Tianwei Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Hainan Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Hengshui Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Tianjin Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Lixian Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Baoding Jiasheng Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd<br>Beijing Tianneng Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd<br>Yingli Energy (Beijing) Co. Ltd | B797                  |
| Yuhuan BLD Solar Technology Co. Ltd<br>Zhejiang BLD Solar Technology Co. Ltd   | B899                  |

| Name of the company  | TARIC additional code |
|--|-----------------------|
| Yuhuan Sinosola Science & Technology Co.Ltd                                    | B900                  |
| Zhangjiagang City SEG PV Co. Ltd   | B902                  |
| Zhejiang Fengsheng Electrical Co. Ltd  | B903                  |
| Zhejiang Global Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd                                | B904                  |
| Zhejiang Heda Solar Technology Co. Ltd   | B905                  |
| Zhejiang Jiutai New Energy Co. Ltd   | B906                  |
| Zhejiang Topoint Photovoltaic Co. Ltd  |                       |
| Zhejiang Kingdom Solar Energy Technic Co. Ltd                                  | B907                  |
| Zhejiang Koly Energy Co. Ltd   | B908                  |
| Zhejiang Mega Solar Energy Co. Ltd   | B910                  |
| Zhejiang Fortune Photovoltaic Co. Ltd  |                       |
| Zhejiang Shuqimeng Photovoltaic Technology Co. Ltd                             | B911                  |
| Zhejiang Shinew Photoelectronic Technology Co. Ltd                             | B912                  |
| Zhejiang Sunflower Light Energy Science & Technology Limited Liability Company | B914                  |
| Zhejiang Yauchong Light Energy Science & Technology Co. Ltd                    |                       |
| Zhejiang Sunrupu New Energy Co. Ltd  | B915                  |
| Zhejiang Tianming Solar Technology Co. Ltd                                     | B916                  |
| Zhejiang Trunsun Solar Co. Ltd   | B917                  |
| Zhejiang Beyondsun PV Co. Ltd  |                       |
| Zhejiang Wanxiang Solar Co. Ltd  | B918                  |
| WANXIANG IMPORT & EXPORT CO. LTD   |                       |
| ZHEJIANG YUANZHONG SOLAR CO. LTD   | B920                  |
| Zhongli Talesun Solar Co. Ltd  | B922                  |